MTR

Press Release

PR053/21 12 August 2021

MTR CORPORATION LIMITED 香港鐵路有限公司

(the "Company") (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (Stock Code: 66)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Six months ended 30 June				
HK\$ million	2021	2020	Change	
Revenue from recurrent businesses	22,285	21,592	+3.2%	
Profit from recurrent businesses [^]	912	433	+110.6%	
Profit from property development	3,147	5,200	-39.5%	
Investment property revaluation loss Net profit / (loss) attributable to	(1,386)	(5,967)	-76.8%	
shareholders of the Company	2,673	(334)	n/m	

Interim ordinary dividend of HK\$0.25 per share declared (with scrip dividend alternative)

HIGHLIGHTS

Hong Kong Businesses

- COVID-19 pandemic continued to affect Hong Kong businesses adversely. However, domestic patronage numbers continued to recover in the first half of 2021
- Train service delivery and passenger journeys on-time in our heavy rail maintained at 99.9% worldclass level
- Full Tuen Ma Line opened in June 2021, enhancing connectivity in Hong Kong between the East and West
- Invitation received from Government to proceed with detailed planning and design of Hung Shui Kiu Station in May 2021
- Hong Kong property development profit of HK\$3.1 billion mainly derived from LOHAS Park Package 8. New property packages of THE SOUTHSIDE Package 5 and Package 6 were awarded

Mainland of China and International Businesses

- Our operations in Mainland and international witnessed certain recovery from COVID-19 but to varying degrees
- Progressing with Shenzhen Metro Line 13 Public Private Partnership project in Mainland
- Scheduled to take over Mälartåg operations in Sweden in December 2021

HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

Corporate Strategy and Outlook

- As part of our new Corporate Strategy, new management organisation is established to enhance accountability and collaboration and to strengthen "three lines of defence". Clear environmental, social and governance ("ESG") objectives are being embedded into our businesses and operations to create value for all of our stakeholders
- The return of our Hong Kong patronage to pre-pandemic levels is dependent on economic recovery as well as the reopening of boundaries, and business normalisation of our mall and station retail depends in large part on the return of the Mainland and international visitors
- In the second half of 2021, we expect to book profits from LOHAS Park Package 7 and Package 9.
 Subject to market conditions and necessary Government approvals, we aim to tender out three property development packages over the next 12 months or so

The Directors of the Company announce the unaudited interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2021 as follows:

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

-	Six months ended 30 June	
	2021	2020
HK\$ million	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Revenue from Hong Kong transport operations	6,004	6,234
Revenue from Hong Kong station commercial		
businesses	1,496	1,809
Revenue from Hong Kong property rental and		
management businesses	2,511	2,582
Revenue from Mainland of China and international		
railway, property rental and management subsidiaries	12.050	10.465
Revenue from other businesses	12,050 224	10,465 502
nevertue from other businesses	22,285	21,592
Revenue from Mainland of China property	22,203	21,392
development	32	_
Total revenue	22,317	21,592
		2.,552
Expenses relating to Hong Kong transport		
operations		
- Staff costs and related expenses	(2,988)	(3,196)
- Maintenance and related works	(1,046)	(1,061)
- Energy and utilities	(826)	(811)
- General and administration expenses	(346)	(394)
- Railway support services	(113)	(179)
 Stores and spares consumed 	(267)	(256)
- Government rent and rates	(80)	(116)
- Other expenses	(87)	(115)
	(5,753)	(6,128)
Expenses relating to Hong Kong station commercial	(220)	(2.60)
businesses	(220)	(260)
Expenses relating to Hong Kong property rental and	(422)	(270)
management businesses Expenses relating to Mainland of China and	(433)	(379)
international railway, property rental and		
management subsidiaries	(11,471)	(10,156)
Expenses relating to other businesses	(315)	(564)
Page 2	(2.2)	(231)

	Six months ended 30 June		
HK\$ million	2021 (Unaudited)	2020 (Unaudited)	
HOIIIIII ÇA	(Ollaudited)	(Orlaudited)	
Project study and business development expenses	(169)	(104)	
	(18,361)	(17,591)	
Expenses relating to Mainland of China property	(25)	(4)	
development Operating expenses before depreciation,	(25)	(4)	
amortisation and variable annual payment	(18,386)	(17,595)	
Operating profit before Hong Kong property development, depreciation, amortisation and			
variable annual payment			
- Arising from recurrent businesses	3,924	4,001	
 Arising from Mainland of China property development 	7	(4)	
development	3,931	3,997	
Profit on Hong Kong property development	3,733	6,168	
Operating profit before depreciation,			
amortisation and variable annual payment	7,664	10,165	
Depreciation and amortisation	(2,635)	(2,613)	
Variable annual payment	(211)	(457)	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	530	217	
Profit before interest, finance charges and taxation	5,348	7,312	
Interest and finance charges	(445)	(499)	
Investment property revaluation loss	(1,386)	(5,967)	
Profit before taxation	3,517	846	
Income tax	(735)	(1,157)	
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,782	(311)	
Attributable to:			
- Shareholders of the Company	2,673	(334)	
- Non-controlling interests	109	23	
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,782	(311)	
Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to			
shareholders of the Company:	912	433	
Arising from recurrent businessesArising from property development	3,147	5,200	
- Arising from underlying businesses	4,059	5,633	
- Arising from investment property revaluation	(1,386)	(5,967)	
	2,673	(334)	
Earnings/(loss) per share:			
- Basic	HK\$0.43	(HK\$0.05)	
- Diluted	HK\$0.43	(HK\$0.05)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Six months ended 30 June	
L 11/2 : [11]:	2021	2020
HK\$ million	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,782	(311)
Other comprehensive loss for the period (after taxation and reclassification adjustments): Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Gain/(loss) on revaluation of self-occupied land and buildings Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	56	(164)
 Exchange differences on translation of: financial statements of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures outside Hong Kong non-controlling interests Cash flow hedges: net movement in hedging 	38 23	(268) (20)
reserve	(130)	(8)
reserve	(69)	(296)
	(13)	(460)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	2,769	(771)
Attributable to:		
- Shareholders of the Company	2,637	(774)
- Non-controlling interests	132	3
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	2,769	(771)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
HK\$ million	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets		
Fixed assets		
- Investment properties	84,850	86,058
- Other property, plant and equipment	101,515	101,999
- Service concession assets	33,069	32,875
	219,434	220,932
Goodwill and property management rights	75	79
Property development in progress	11,182	11,942
Deferred expenditure	1,420	1,116
Interests in associates and joint ventures	12,030	11,592
Deferred tax assets	453	470
Investments in securities	1,149	468
Properties held for sale	994	1,800
Derivative financial assets	318	480
Stores and spares	2,141	2,014
Debtors and other receivables	12,552	13,313
Amounts due from related parties	4,022	5,462
Cash, bank balances and deposits	29,793	20,906
	295,563	290,574
Liabilities Short-term loans	2,835	3,357
Creditors, other payables and provisions	43,718	36,837
Current taxation	1,307	1,004
Amounts due to related parties	5,331	453
Loans and other obligations	43,721	46,983
Obligations under service concession	10,257	10,295
Derivative financial liabilities	487	381
Loan from holders of non-controlling interests	151	158
Deferred tax liabilities	14,084	14,125
	121,891	113,593
Net assets	173,672	176,981
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	59,741	59,666
Shares held for Executive Share Incentive Scheme	(245)	(262)
Other reserves	113,851	117,384
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the	ו נט,נו ו	117,504
Company	173,347	176,788
Non-controlling interests	325	170,788
Total equity	173,672	176,981
rotal Equity	1/3,0/2	170,301

Notes:

1. REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

The interim results set out in this preliminary announcement do not constitute the Group's interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2021 but are extracted from that interim financial report.

The interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2021 is unaudited, but has been reviewed by the Group's auditor, KPMG, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The unmodified review report of KPMG is included in the interim report to be sent to shareholders. The interim financial report has also been reviewed by the Group's Audit Committee.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The preliminary announcement of the Company's interim results has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2020 that is included in this preliminary announcement of the interim results as comparative information does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated accounts for that financial year but is derived from those accounts. Further information relating to these statutory accounts required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) is as follows:

- The Company has delivered the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2020 to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Companies Ordinance.
- The Company's auditor, KPMG, has reported on the accounts for the year ended 31
 December 2020. The auditor's report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any
 matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its
 report; and did not contain a statement under sections 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Companies
 Ordinance.

The unaudited interim results should be read in conjunction with the 2020 annual accounts.

The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in the interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

The accounting policies adopted for the preparation of the interim financial report are the same as those adopted in the preparation of the 2020 annual accounts.

3. RETAINED PROFITS

The movements of the retained profits during the six months ended 30 June 2021 and the year ended 31 December 2020 are as follows:

HK\$ million	
Balance as at 1 January 2021	113,243
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,673
Vesting and forfeiture of award shares of Executive Share Incentive	
Scheme	(3)
Dividend declared and approved	(6,060)
Balance as at 30 June 2021	109,853
HK\$ million	
Balance as at 1 January 2020	124,880
Loss for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company	(4,809)
Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to shareholders	
of the Company	752
Vesting and forfeiture of award shares of Executive Share Incentive	
Scheme	(2)
Dividends declared and approved, net of scrip dividend for shares held	
for Executive Share Incentive Scheme	(7,578)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	113,243

4. PROFIT ON HONG KONG PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Profit on Hong Kong property development comprises:

	Six months ended 30 June	
HK\$ million	2021	2020
Share of surplus, income and interest in unsold properties from property development	3,635	6,171
Income from recognition of properties held for investment purpose Agency fee and other income from West Rail property	79	-
development	29	14
Overhead and miscellaneous studies	(10)	(17)
	3,733	6,168

5. INCOME TAX

	Six months ended 30 J	
HK\$ million	2021	2020
Current tax		
- Hong Kong Profits Tax	677	1,200
- Tax outside Hong Kong	89	94
	766	1,294
Deferred tax		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences on:		
- tax losses	(9)	(32)
 depreciation allowances in excess of related 		
depreciation	(3)	(35)

	Six months ended 30 June	
HK\$ million	2021	2020
- revaluation of properties	(25)	-
- provisions and others	6	(70)
	(31)	(137)
	735	1,157

Except for the Company which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime in Hong Kong, the provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the six months ended 30 June 2021 is calculated at 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the period after deducting accumulated tax losses brought forward, if any. Under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime, the Company's first HK\$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%. The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the Company was calculated on the same basis as 2020.

Current taxes for subsidiaries outside Hong Kong are charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant tax jurisdictions.

Provision for deferred tax on temporary differences arising in Hong Kong is calculated at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate at 16.5% (2020: 16.5%), while that arising outside Hong Kong is calculated at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant tax jurisdictions.

The Company purchased tax reserve certificates in connection with the tax deductibility of certain payments relating to the Rail Merger. Please refer to note 10A to this announcement for details.

6. DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved to pay an interim dividend of HK\$0.25 per share and offer a scrip dividend option to all shareholders of the Company (except for those with registered addresses in New Zealand or the United States of America or any of its territories or possessions). The interim dividend, with a scrip dividend option, is expected to be distributed on 19 October 2021 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company as at the close of business on 1 September 2021.

7. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders for the six months ended 30 June 2021 of HK\$2,673 million (2020: loss of HK\$334 million) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue less shares held for Executive Share Incentive Scheme during the period amounting to 6,176,853,529 (2020: 6,153,228,828).

The calculation of diluted earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders for the six months ended 30 June 2021 of HK\$2,673 million (2020: loss of HK\$334 million) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue less shares held for Executive Share Incentive Scheme during the period after adjusting for the dilutive effect of the Company's share option scheme and Executive Share Incentive Scheme amounting to 6,182,596,177 (2020: 6,153,228,828). For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the effect of the Group's share option scheme (1,275,714 shares) and Executive Share Incentive Scheme (5,790,973 shares) are anti-dilutive since they would result in a decrease in the loss per share.

Both basic and diluted earnings per share would have been HK\$0.66 (2020: HK\$0.92), if the calculation is based on profit attributable to shareholders of the Company arising from underlying businesses of HK\$4,059 million (2020: HK\$5,633 million).

8. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group's businesses consist of (i) recurrent businesses (comprising Hong Kong transport operations, Hong Kong station commercial businesses, Hong Kong property rental and management businesses, Mainland of China and international railway, property rental and management businesses and other businesses) and (ii) property development businesses (together with recurrent businesses referred to as underlying businesses).

The Group manages its businesses by the various business executive committees. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- (i) Hong Kong transport operations: The provision of passenger operation and related services on the domestic mass transit railway system in Hong Kong, the Airport Express serving both the Hong Kong International Airport and the AsiaWorld-Expo at Chek Lap Kok, crossboundary railway connection with the Mainland of China at Lo Wu and Lok Ma Chau, the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link (Hong Kong Section), light rail and bus feeder with railway system in the north-west New Territories and intercity railway transport with certain cities in the Mainland of China.
- (ii) Hong Kong station commercial businesses: Commercial activities including the letting of advertising, retail and car parking spaces at railway stations, the provision of telecommunication and bandwidth services in railway premises and other commercial activities within the Hong Kong transport operations network.
- (iii) Hong Kong property rental and management businesses: The letting of retail, office and car parking spaces and the provision of estate management services in Hong Kong.
- (iv) Hong Kong property development: Property development activities at locations near the railway systems in Hong Kong.
- (v) Mainland of China and international railway, property rental and management businesses: The construction, operation and maintenance of mass transit railway systems including station commercial activities outside of Hong Kong and the letting of retail spaces and provision of estate management services in the Mainland of China.
- (vi) Mainland of China property development: Property development activities in the Mainland of China.
- (vii) Other businesses: Businesses not directly relating to transport operations or properties such as Ngong Ping 360, which comprises cable car operation in Tung Chung and related businesses at the Ngong Ping Theme Village, railway consultancy business and the provision of project management services to the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR Government" or "Government").

The results of the reportable segments and reconciliation to the corresponding consolidated totals in the accounts are shown below:

	Revenue		Contribution to profit/(loss)	
<u> </u>	Six months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 Ju	
HK\$ million	2021	2020	2021	2020
Hong Kong transport services				
 Hong Kong transport 				
operations	6,004	6,234	(2,285)	(2,579)
 Hong Kong station 				
commercial businesses	1,496	1,809	1,145	1,334
Hong Kong property rental and				
management businesses	2,511	2,582	2,067	2,193
Mainland of China and				
international railway,				
property rental and				
management businesses	12,050	10,465	445	182
Mainland of China property				
development	32	-	7	(4)
Other businesses	224	502	(125)	(95)
	22,317	21,592	1,254	1,031
Hong Kong property			!	
development			3,733	6,168
Project study and business			27.22	37.33
development expenses			(169)	(104)
Share of profit of associates			(,	(,
and joint ventures			530	217
Profit before interest, finance				
charges and taxation			5,348	7,312
Interest and finance charges			(445)	(499)
Investment property			()	()
revaluation loss			(1,386)	(5,967)
Income tax			(735)	(1,157)
Profit/(loss) for the period			2,782	(311)
			_,	(511)

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of the Group's revenue from external customers. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or goods were delivered.

HK\$ million	Six months en 2021	Six months ended 30 June 2021 2020	
Hong Kong SAR (place of domicile)	10,193	11,100	
Australia Mainland of China and Macao SAR	7,332 948	6,332 775	
Sweden United Kingdom	2,669 1,175	2,257 1,128	
Š	12,124	10,492	
	22,317	21,592	

9. RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS UNDER ENTRUSTMENT BY THE HKSAR GOVERNMENT

A Hong Kong Section of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link ("High Speed Rail" or "HSR") Project

(a) HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement

On 24 November 2008, the HKSAR Government and the Company entered into an entrustment agreement for the design of and site investigation and procurement activities in relation to the HSR (the "HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement"). Pursuant to the HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement, the HKSAR Government is obligated to pay the Company the Company's in-house design costs and certain on-costs, preliminary costs and staff costs.

(b) HSR Entrustment Agreement

In 2009, the HKSAR Government decided that the Company should be asked to proceed with the construction, testing and commissioning of the HSR on the understanding that the Company would subsequently be invited to undertake the operation of the HSR under the service concession approach. On 26 January 2010, the HKSAR Government and the Company entered into another entrustment agreement for the construction, and commissioning of the HSR (the "HSR Entrustment Agreement"). Pursuant to the HSR Entrustment Agreement, the Company is responsible for carrying out or procuring the carrying out of the agreed activities for the planning, design, construction, testing and commissioning of the HSR and the HKSAR Government, as owner of HSR, is responsible for bearing and financing the full amount of the total cost of such activities (the "Entrustment Cost") and for paying to the Company a fee in accordance with an agreed payment schedule (the "HSR Project Management Fee") (subsequent amendments to these arrangements are described below). As of 30 June 2021, the Company had received full payment of the HSR Project Management Fee from the HKSAR Government.

The HKSAR Government has the right to claim against the Company if the Company breaches the HSR Entrustment Agreement (including, if the Company breaches the warranties it gave in respect of its project management services) and, under the HSR Entrustment Agreement, to be indemnified by the Company in relation to losses suffered by the HKSAR Government as a result of any negligence of the Company in performing its obligations under the HSR Entrustment Agreement or any breach of the HSR Entrustment Agreement by the Company. Under the HSR Entrustment Agreement, the Company's total aggregate liability to the HKSAR Government arising out of or in connection with the HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement and the HSR Entrustment Agreement (other than for death or personal injury) is subject to a cap equal to the HSR Project Management Fee and any other fees that the Company receives under the HSR Entrustment Agreement and certain fees received by the Company under the HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement (the "Liability Cap"). In accordance with general principles of law, such Liability Cap could not be relied upon if the Company were found to be liable for the fraudulent or other dishonest conduct of its employees or agents, to the extent that the relevant loss had been caused by such fraudulent or other dishonest conduct. Although the HKSAR Government has reserved the right to refer to arbitration the question of the Company's liability for the Current Cost Overrun (as defined hereunder) (if any) under the HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement and the HSR Entrustment Agreement (as more particularly described in note 9A(c)(iv) below), up to the date of the interim financial report, no claim has been received from the HKSAR Government.

In April 2014, the Company announced that the construction period for the HSR project needed to be extended, with the target opening of the line for passenger service revised to the end of 2017.

On 30 June 2015, the Company reported to the HKSAR Government that the Company estimated:

- the HSR would be completed in the third quarter of 2018 (including programme contingency of six months) (the "HSR Revised Programme"); and
- the total project cost of HK\$85.3 billion (including contingency), based on the HSR Revised Programme.

As a result of adjustments being made to certain elements of the Company's estimated project cost of 30 June 2015, the HKSAR Government and the Company reached agreement that the estimated project cost be reduced to HK\$84.42 billion (the "Revised Cost Estimate"). Further particulars relating to the Revised Cost Estimate are set out in notes 9A(c) and (e) below.

(c) HSR Agreement

On 30 November 2015, the HKSAR Government and the Company entered into an agreement (the "HSR Agreement") relating to the further funding and completion of the HSR. The HSR Agreement contains an integrated package of terms (subject to conditions as set out in note 9A(c)(vi) below) and provides that:

- (i) The HKSAR Government will bear and finance the project cost up to HK\$84.42 billion (which includes the original budgeted cost of HK\$65 billion plus the agreed increase in the estimated project cost of HK\$19.42 billion (the portion of the entrustment cost (up to HK\$84.42 billion) that exceeds HK\$65 billion being the "Current Cost Overrun"));
- (ii) The Company will, if the project exceeds HK\$84.42 billion, bear and finance the portion of the project cost which exceeds that sum (if any) (the "Further Cost Overrun") except for certain agreed excluded costs (namely, additional costs arising from changes in law, force majeure events or any suspension of construction contracts specified in the HSR Agreement);
- (iii) The Company will pay a special dividend in cash of HK\$4.40 in aggregate per share in two equal tranches (of HK\$2.20 per share in cash in each tranche) ("**Special Dividend**"). The first tranche was paid on 13 July 2016 and the second tranche was paid on 12 July 2017;
- (iv) The HKSAR Government reserves the right to refer to arbitration the question of the Company's liability for the Current Cost Overrun (if any) under the HSR Preliminary Entrustment Agreement and HSR Entrustment Agreement ("Entrustment Agreements") (including any question the HKSAR Government may have regarding the validity of the Liability Cap). The Entrustment Agreements contain dispute resolution mechanisms which include the right to refer a dispute to arbitration. Under the HSR Entrustment Agreement, the Liability Cap is equal to the HSR Project Management Fee and any other fees that the Company receives under HSR Entrustment Agreement and certain fees received by the Company under the Preliminary Entrustment Agreement. Accordingly, the Liability Cap increases from up to HK\$4.94 billion to up to HK\$6.69 billion as the HSR Project Management Fee is increased in accordance with the HSR Agreement (as it will be equal to the increased HSR Project Management Fee under the HSR Entrustment Agreement of HK\$6.34 billion plus the additional fees referred to above). If the arbitrator does not determine that the Liability Cap is invalid and determines that, but for the Liability Cap, the Company's liability under the Entrustment Agreements for the Current Cost Overrun would exceed the Liability Cap, the Company shall:

- bear such amount as is awarded to the HKSAR Government up to the Liability Cap;
- seek the approval of its independent shareholders, at another General Meeting (at which the FSI, the HKSAR Government and their Close Associates and Associates and the Exchange Fund will be required to abstain from voting), for the Company to bear the excess liability; and
- if the approval of the independent shareholders (referred to immediately above) is obtained, pay the excess liability to the HKSAR Government. If such approval is not obtained, the Company will not make such payment to the HKSAR Government;
- (v) Certain amendments are made to the HSR Entrustment Agreement to reflect the arrangements contained in the HSR Agreement, including an increase in HSR Project Management Fee payable to the Company under HSR Entrustment Agreement to an aggregate of HK\$6.34 billion (which reflects the estimate of the Company's expected internal costs in performing its obligations under the HSR Entrustment Agreement in relation to HSR project) and to reflect the HSR Revised Programme;
- (vi) The arrangements under the HSR Agreement (including the payment of the Special Dividend) were conditional on:
 - independent shareholder approval (which was sought at the General Meeting held on 1 February 2016); and
 - Legislative Council approval in respect of the HKSAR Government's additional funding obligations.

The HSR Agreement (and the Special Dividend) was approved by the Company's independent shareholders at the General Meeting held on 1 February 2016 and became unconditional upon approval by the Legislative Council on 11 March 2016 of the HKSAR Government's additional funding obligations.

(d) Operations of HSR

On 23 August 2018, the Company and KCRC entered into the supplemental service concession agreement for the HSR ("SSCA-HSR") to supplement the Service Concession Agreement dated 9 August 2007 in order for KCRC to grant a concession to the Company in respect of the HSR and to prescribe the operational and financial requirements that will apply to the HSR. The commercial operation of HSR began on 23 September 2018.

(e) Based on the Company's latest review of the Revised Cost Estimate for the agreed scope of the project and having taken account of the opinion of independent experts including one on the review of the Revised Cost Estimate, the Company believes that, although the latest final project cost is likely to come close to the Revised Cost Estimate, the Revised Cost Estimate is still achievable and there is no current need to revise further such estimate. However, the final project cost can only be ascertained upon finalisation of all contracts, some of which will involve the resolution of commercial issues and may take several years to reach settlement based on past experience.

Having considered the number of contracts yet to be finalised and the contingency allowance currently available, there can be no absolute assurance that the final project cost will not exceed the Revised Cost Estimate, particularly if unforeseen difficulties arise in the resolution of commercial issues during the process of negotiating the final accounts. In such case, under the terms of the HSR Agreement, the Company will be required to bear and

finance the portion of the project cost that exceeds the Revised Cost Estimate (if any) except for certain agreed excluded costs (as more particularly described in note 9A(c)(ii) above).

- (f) The Company has not made any provision in its consolidated accounts in respect of:
 - (i) any possible liability of the Company for any Further Cost Overrun (if any), given the Company does not currently believe based on information available to date there is any need to revise further the Revised Cost Estimate. However, the final project cost can only be ascertained upon finalisation of all contracts, some of which will involve the resolution of commercial issues and may take several years to reach settlement;
 - (ii) any possible liability of the Company that may be determined in accordance with any arbitration that may take place (as more particularly described in note 9A(c)(iv) above), given that (a) the Company has not received any notification from the HKSAR Government of any claim by the HKSAR Government against the Company or of any referral by the HKSAR Government to arbitration (which, as a result of the HSR Agreement, cannot take place until after commencement of commercial operations on the HSR) as of 30 June 2021 and up to the date of the interim financial report; (b) the Company has the benefit of the Liability Cap; and (c) as a result of the HSR Agreement, the Company will not make any payment to the HKSAR Government in excess of the Liability Cap pursuant to a determination of the arbitrator without the approval of its independent shareholders; and
 - (iii) where applicable, because the Company is not able to measure with sufficient reliability the amount of the Company's obligation or liability (if any).
- (g) Total HSR Project Management Fee and the additional fees referred to above, of total HK\$6,548 million in aggregate, have been recognised in consolidated profit and loss account in the prior years.

In relation to the sufficiency of the HSR Project Management Fee, the Company estimated that the total costs to complete performance of its obligations in relation to the HSR project are likely to exceed the HSR Project Management Fee. Accordingly, an appropriate amount of provision was recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account in the prior years.

B Shatin to Central Link ("SCL") Project

(a) SCL Agreements

The Company and the HKSAR Government entered into the SCL Preliminary Entrustment Agreement ("SCL EA1") in 2008, the SCL Advance Works Entrustment Agreement ("SCL EA2") in 2011, and the SCL Entrustment Agreement ("SCL EA3") in 2012 (together, the "SCL Agreements"), in relation to the SCL.

Pursuant to the SCL EA1, the Company is responsible for carrying out or procuring the carrying out of the design, site investigation and procurement activities while the HKSAR Government is responsible for funding directly the total cost of such activities.

Pursuant to the SCL EA2, the Company is responsible for carrying out or procuring the carrying out of the agreed works while the HKSAR Government is responsible for bearing and paying to the Company all the work costs ("EA2 Advance Works Costs"). The EA2 Advance Works Costs and the Interface Works Costs (as described below) are reimbursable by the HKSAR Government to the Company. During the six months ended 30 June 2021, HK\$157 million (2020: HK\$80 million) of such costs were incurred by the Company, which are payable by the HKSAR Government. As at 30 June 2021, the amount of such costs which remained outstanding from the HKSAR Government was HK\$276 million (as at 31 December 2020: HK\$1,035 million).

The SCL EA3 was entered into in 2012 for the construction and commissioning of the SCL. The HKSAR Government is responsible for bearing all the work costs specified in the SCL EA3 including costs to contractors and costs to the Company ("Interface Works Costs") (which the Company would pay upfront and recover from the HKSAR Government) except for certain costs of modification, upgrade or expansions of certain assets (including rolling stock, signalling, radio and main control systems) for which the Company is responsible under the existing service concession agreement with KCRC. The Company will contribute an amount in respect of the costs relating to such modifications, upgrades or expansions. This will predominantly be covered by the reduction in future maintenance capital expenditure which the Company would have otherwise incurred. The total sum entrusted to the Company by the HKSAR Government for the main construction works under the SCL EA3, including project management fee, was HK\$70,827 million ("Original Entrusted Amount").

The Company is responsible for carrying out or procuring the carrying out of the works specified in the SCL Agreements for a project management fee of HK\$7,893 million (the "Original PMC"). As at 30 June 2021 and up to the date of this interim report, the Company has received payments of the Original PMC from the HK\$AR Government in accordance with the original agreed payment schedule. During the six months ended 30 June 2021, Original PMC of HK\$nil (2020: HK\$333 million) was recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account. As at 30 June 2021, the total Original PMC recognised to date in the consolidated profit and loss account amounted to HK\$7,893 million (as at 31 December 2020: HK\$7,893 million).

(b) SCL EA3 Cost Overrun

(i) Cost to Complete

The Company has previously announced that, due to the continuing challenges posed by external factors, the Original Entrusted Amount under SCL EA3 would not be sufficient to cover the total estimated cost to complete ("CTC") and would need to be revised upwards significantly. The Company carried out a detailed review of the estimated CTC for the main construction works in 2017 and submitted a revised estimated total CTC of HK\$87,328 million, including an increase in the project management fee payable to the Company ("2017 CTC Estimate") to the HKSAR Government on 5 December 2017, taking into account a number of factors, including issues such as archaeological relics, the HKSAR Government's requests for additional scope and late or incomplete handover of construction sites.

The Company then carried out and completed a further review and revalidation of the CTC and, on 10 February 2020, notified the HKSAR Government, in accordance with the terms of the SCL EA3, of the latest estimate of the CTC, being HK\$82,999 million ("2020 CTC Estimate"), including additional project management fee payable to the Company of HK\$1,371 million ("Additional PMC"), being the additional cost to the Company of carrying out its remaining project management responsibilities under the SCL EA3, as detailed in note 9B(b)(ii) below but excluding the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs in respect of which the Company has already recognised a provision of HK\$2 billion in its consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2019 (as detailed in note 9B(c)(iii) below). The 2020 CTC Estimate represents an increase of HK\$12,172 million from the Original Entrusted Amount of HK\$70,827 million, which is less than the increase in the 2017 CTC Estimate of HK\$16,501 million.

In accordance with the terms of SCL EA3, the HKSAR Government issued its paper on 18 March 2020 to seek the approval of Legislative Council for additional funding required for the SCL Project amounting to HK\$10,801 million ("Additional Funding") so that the SCL can be completed. On 12 June 2020, the Legislative Council approved the Additional Funding for the SCL Project. For the avoidance of doubt, the Additional Funding sought by the HKSAR Government and approved by the Legislative Council excluded the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs (as detailed in note 9B(c)(iii) below) and any Additional PMC for the Company as further detailed in note 9B(b)(ii) below.

(ii) Additional PMC

As detailed in note 9B(b)(i) above and as previously disclosed by the Company, the programme for the delivery of the SCL Project has been significantly impacted by certain key external events. Not only do these matters increase the cost of works, they also increase the cost to the Company of carrying out its project management responsibilities under the relevant SCL entrustment agreement, which is estimated to be around HK\$1,371 million.

By December 2020, the aggregate amount of project management fee paid by the HKSAR Government to the Company in accordance with the payment schedule contained in the SCL EA3 was substantially close to the Original PMC (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, the Additional PMC of HK\$1,371 million previously sought by the Company) and has been expended in full by the Company. The Additional Funding approved by the Legislative Council did not include any Additional PMC for the Company which the Company had previously sought from the HKSAR Government. Therefore, the cost to the Company of continuing to comply with its project management obligations under the SCL EA3 is currently being met by the Company on an interim and without prejudice basis (to allow the SCL Project to progress in accordance with the latest programme) and the Company reserves its position as to the ultimate liability for such costs and as to its right to pursue the courses of action and remedies available under the SCL EA3.

However, given the Company's view that there has been a significant delay to the project programme and associated increase in project management costs to the Company, the Company has written to the HKSAR Government to restate the Company's belief that the Company is entitled (in accordance with the terms of the SCL EA3 and following the Company's receipt of independent expert advice) to an increase in the project management fee, to be agreed by way of good faith negotiations or otherwise determined in accordance with the provisions of the SCL EA3. However, the HKSAR Government has responded to the Company by reiterating that the HKSAR Government considers there have not been any material modifications to any of the scope of works, entrustment activities and/or entrustment programme contained in the SCL EA3 and, as such, the HKSAR Government maintains its position of disagreement to any increase in the project management fee.

Despite the fact that this matter needs to be resolved, the Company has continued, and will continue, to comply with its project management obligations under the SCL EA3 and has met, and will continue to meet, the costs thereof, on an interim and without prejudice basis, to allow the SCL Project to progress in accordance with the latest programme in order to achieve a full opening of the SCL as soon as reasonably practicable, whilst reserving its position as to the ultimate liability for such costs and as to its rights to pursue the courses of action and remedies available under the SCL EA3.

(iii) Provision for the SCL PMC

After taking into account the matters described in note 9B(b)(ii) above, and in particular, the Company meeting, on an interim and without prejudice basis (whilst reserving its position as to the ultimate liability for such costs and as to its rights to pursue the courses of action and remedies available under the SCL EA3), the cost to the Company of continuing to comply with its project management obligations, the Group has recognised a provision of HK\$1,371 million, for the estimated additional cost to the Company of continuing to comply with its project management responsibilities, in its consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2020. During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the provision utilised amounted to HK\$277 million (2020: HK\$nil) and no provision was written back (2020: HK\$nil). The provision (net of amount utilised) is included in "Creditors, other payables and provisions" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

This amount does not take into account any potential payment to the Company of any Additional PMC (whether in the circumstances that no overall settlement is reached and / or as a result of an award, settlement or otherwise). Accordingly, if any such potential payment becomes virtually certain, the amount of any such payment will be recognised and credited to the Company's consolidated profit and loss account in that financial period.

(c) Hung Hom Incidents

As stated in the Company's announcement dated 18 July 2019, there were allegations in 2018 concerning workmanship in relation to the Hung Hom Station extension ("First Hung Hom Incident"). The Company took immediate steps to investigate the issues, report the Company's findings to the HKSAR Government and reserve the Company's position against relevant contractors.

In late 2018 and early 2019, the Company advised the HKSAR Government of an insufficiency of construction records and certain construction issues at the Hung Hom North Approach Tunnel ("NAT"), the South Approach Tunnel ("SAT") and the Hung Hom Stabling Sidings ("HHS"), forming an addition to the First Hung Hom Incident ("Second Hung Hom Incident").

To address each of the First Hung Hom Incident and the Second Hung Hom Incident, the Company has submitted to the HKSAR Government proposals for verification of the relevant as-constructed conditions and workmanship quality.

(i) Commission of Inquiry ("COI")

On 10 July 2018, the COI was set up by the HKSAR Chief Executive in Council pursuant to the Commissions of Inquiry Ordinance (Chapter 86 of the Laws of Hong Kong). On 29 January 2019, the HKSAR Government made its closing submission to the first phase of the COI in which it stated its view that the Company ought to have provided the required skills and care reasonably expected of a professional and competent project manager but that the Company had failed to do so.

On 26 March 2019, the HKSAR Government published the redacted interim report of the COI in which the COI found that although the Hung Hom Station extension diaphragm wall and platform slab construction works are safe, they were not executed in accordance with the relevant contract in material aspects.

On 18 July 2019, the Company submitted to the HKSAR Government two separate final reports, one in respect of the First Hung Hom Incident and one in respect of the Second Hung Hom Incident, containing, inter alia, proposals for suitable measures required at certain locations to achieve code compliance. These suitable measures have been implemented.

On 22 January 2020, the HKSAR Government reiterated, in its closing submissions to the COI, that there was failure on the part of both the Company and the contractor Leighton Contractors Asia Limited to perform the obligations which the two parties undertook for the SCL project and that the Company, which was entrusted by the HKSAR Government as the project manager of the SCL project, ought to have provided the requisite degree of skill and care reasonably expected of a professional and competent project manager.

On 12 May 2020, the HKSAR Government published the final report of the COI in which the COI determined that it is fully satisfied that, with the suitable measures in place, the station box, NAT, SAT and HHS structures will be safe and also fit for purpose. The suitable measures for these structures were completed in 2020. The COI also made a number of comments on the construction process (including regarding failures in respect thereof such as unacceptable incidents of poor workmanship compounded by lax supervision and that in a number of respects also, management of the construction endeavour fell below the standards of reasonable competence) and made recommendations to the Company for the future.

(ii) Expert Adviser Team ("**EAT**")

On 1 February 2021, the EAT on the SCL project, which was appointed by the HKSAR Government in August 2018 to conduct an overall review of the Company's project management system and recommend additional management and monitoring measures to be undertaken by the Company and the HKSAR Government in taking forward the SCL project, has submitted its final report to the HKSAR Government. The report noted that it is safe in practical terms to use the related built structures at Hung Hom Station for their intended

purposes after the implementation of the suitable measures. The EAT has also put forward in the report recommendations to the Company and the HKSAR Government for the continuous improvement of railway project management.

(iii) Provision for the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs

In July 2019, the HKSAR Government accepted the Company's recommendation that the Tuen Ma Line (Tai Wai to Hung Hom Section of the SCL) should open in phases, with the first phase involving the opening of commercial service on the Tuen Ma Line from Tai Wai Station to Kai Tak Station ("Phased Opening") which occurred on 14 February 2020.

In order to progress the SCL Project and to facilitate the Phased Opening in the first quarter of 2020, the Company announced in July 2019 that it would fund, on an interim and without prejudice basis, certain costs arising from the Hung Hom Incidents and certain costs associated with Phased Opening (being costs for alteration works, trial operations and other costs associated with the preparation activities for the Phased Opening) ("Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs"), whilst reserving the Company's position as to the ultimate liability for such costs.

The Company and the HKSAR Government will continue discussions with a view to reaching an overall settlement in relation to the Hung Hom Incidents and their respective funding obligations relating to the CTC and the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs. If no overall settlement is reached between the Company and the HKSAR Government within a reasonable period, the provisions of the SCL EA3 shall continue to apply (as they currently do) including in relation to such costs, and the responsibility for the funding of such costs shall be determined in accordance with the SCL EA3.

After taking into account the matters described in note 9B(c) above, and in particular, the Company's decision to fund, on an interim and without prejudice basis, the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs, the Company recognised a provision of HK\$2,000 million in its consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2019. During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the provision utilised amounted to HK\$136 million (2020: HK\$365 million) and no provision was written back (2020: HK\$nil). The provision (net of amount utilised) is included in "Creditors, other payables and provisions" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

This amount does not take into account any potential recovery from any other party (whether in the circumstances that no overall settlement is reached and / or as a result of an award, settlement or otherwise). Accordingly, if any such potential recovery becomes virtually certain, the amount of any such recovery will be recognised and credited to the Company's consolidated profit and loss account in that financial period.

(d) Mixed Fleet Operation Incident

On 11 September 2020, the Company announced the delay in service commencement of the new East Rail Line ("EAL") signalling system and introduction of new nine-car trains which was originally scheduled for 12 September 2020 (collectively "Mixed Fleet Operation Incident"), following a review on the new signalling system conducted by the Company prior to service commencement.

On 13 September 2020, the Company announced the setting up of the Investigation Panel to look into the Mixed Fleet Operation Incident and to submit an investigation report to the HKSAR Government. On 21 January 2021, the Company submitted to the HKSAR Government for its review the report from the Investigation Panel. The Company acknowledged and accepted the findings of the Investigation Panel which include a finding that the issue concerned in the Mixed Fleet Operation Incident is not an issue of safety but of service reliability. The Company also accepted and will implement the recommendations made in the report. Following the satisfactory completion of further additional testing and approval by relevant HKSAR Government departments, the new signalling system and the new ninecar trains on the EAL were commissioned on 6 February 2021 in preparation for extending the EAL across the harbour to Admiralty Station.

(e) Potential Claims from and Indemnification to the HKSAR Government

The HKSAR Government has the right to claim against the Company if the Company breaches the SCL Agreements (including, if the Company breaches the warranties it gave in respect of its project management services) and, under each SCL Agreement, to be indemnified by the Company in relation to losses incurred by the HKSAR Government as a result of the negligence of the Company in performing its obligations under the relevant SCL Agreement or breach thereof by the Company. Under the SCL EA3, the Company's total aggregate liability to the HKSAR Government arising out of or in connection with the SCL Agreements (other than for death or personal injury) is subject to a cap equal to the fees that the Company receives under the SCL Agreements. In accordance with general principles of law, such cap could not be relied upon if the Company were found to be liable for the fraudulent or other dishonest conduct of its employees or agents, to the extent that the relevant loss had been caused by such fraudulent or other dishonest conduct. Although the HKSAR Government has stated that it reserves all rights to pursue further actions against the Company and related contractors and has made the statements in its closing submission to the COI (as stated in note 9B(c)(i) above), up to the date of the interim financial report, no claim has been received from the HKSAR Government in relation to any SCL Agreement. It is uncertain as to whether such claim will be made against the Company in the future and, if made, the nature and amount of such claim.

The eventual outcome of the discussions between the Company and the HKSAR Government on various matters including the timing of any overall settlement in relation to the Hung Hom Incidents and their respective funding obligations relating to the Hung Hom Incidents Related Costs and the level of recovery from relevant parties remain highly uncertain at the current stage. As a result, no additional provision other than as stated above has been made as the Company is currently not able to measure with sufficient reliability the ultimate amount of the Company's obligation or liability arising from the SCL Project as a whole in light of the significant uncertainties involved. While no provision in respect of the SCL Project related matters was recognised at 30 June 2021 other than as stated above, the Company will reassess on an ongoing basis the need to recognise any further provision in the future in light of any further development.

(f) Phased Opening of SCL

On 11 February 2020, the Company entered into relevant agreements with the HKSAR Government and KCRC to supplement and amend the current agreements to enable the Company to operate Tuen Ma Line Phase 1 in substantially the same manner as the existing railway network for a period of two years from 14 February 2020 including the supplemental service concession agreement ("SSCA1-SCL") signed with KCRC.

On 21 June 2021, the Company entered into relevant agreements with the HKSAR Government and KCRC to supplement and amend the current agreements to enable the Company to operate the entire Tuen Ma Line in substantially the same manner as the existing railway network for a period of two years from 27 June 2021 including the supplemental service concession agreement ("SSCA2-SCL") signed with KCRC. The SSCA2-SCL replaced the SSCA1-SCL that was executed on 11 February 2020. Prior to the full opening of the SCL, the parties are obliged to commence exclusive negotiations in good faith with a view to agreeing the terms of a supplemental service concession agreement for the entire SCL (which is intended to replace the SSCA2-SCL, except for any provisions that are expressly agreed to remain in effect thereafter).

10. DEBTORS AND CREDITORS

A sat 30 June 2021, the Group's debtors and other receivables amounted to HK\$12,552 million (31 December 2020: HK\$13,313 million), of which debtors accounted for HK\$3,886 million (31 December 2020: HK\$3,782 million). Receivables in respect of rentals, advertising and telecommunication activities are due from immediately to 60 days. Receivables in respect of income from railway subsidiaries outside of Hong Kong are mainly due within 30 days or in the

following month. Receivables relating to consultancy services and entrustment works are due within 30 days. Receivables under interest rate and currency swap agreements are due in accordance with the terms of the agreements. Receivables relating to property development are due in accordance with the terms of the relevant development agreements or sale and purchase agreements. The ageing of debtors as at 30 June 2021 is analysed as follows:

HK\$ million	At 30 June 2021 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2020 (Audited)
Amounts not yet due	3,526	3,343
Overdue by 30 days	135	209
Overdue by 60 days	71	80
Overdue by 90 days	24	24
Overdue by more than 90 days	130	126
Total debtors	3,886	3,782
Other receivables and contract assets	8,666	9,531
	12,552	13,313

During the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2018, the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong ("IRD") issued notices of assessment/additional assessment for the years of assessment 2010/2011 to 2017/2018 following queries in connection with the tax deductibility of certain payments relating to the Rail Merger.

Based on the strength of advice from external senior counsels and tax advisor, the directors of the Company have determined to strongly contest the assessments raised by the IRD. The Company has lodged objections against these tax assessments and has applied to hold over the additional tax demanded. The IRD has agreed to the holdover of the additional tax demanded subject to the purchases of tax reserve certificates ("TRCs") amounting to HK\$1,816 million and HK\$462 million in 2017 and 2018 respectively. The purchases of TRCs do not prejudice the Company's tax position and the purchased TRCs were included in debtors and other receivables in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. No additional tax provision has been made in respect of the above notices of assessment/additional assessment.

B As at 30 June 2021, creditors, other payables and provisions amounted to HK\$43,718 million (31 December 2020: HK\$36,837 million), of which creditors and accrued charges amounted to HK\$19,931 million (31 December 2020: HK\$19,419 million). As at 30 June 2021, the analysis of creditors by due dates is as follows:

HK\$ million	At 30 June 2021 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2020 (Audited)
Due within 30 days or on demand	7,615	8,024
Due after 30 days but within 60 days	1,199	1,450
Due after 60 days but within 90 days	647	638
Due after 90 days	3,995	4,844
·	13,456	14,956
Rental and other refundable deposits	3,121	2,989
Accrued employee benefits	1,835	1,474
Dividends payable to other equity shareholders	1,519	-
. ,	19,931	19,419

11. PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Group did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the Group's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2021. However, the Trustee of the Executive Share Incentive Scheme, pursuant to the terms of the rules and the trust deed of the Executive Share Incentive Scheme, purchased on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange a total of 2,650,000 Ordinary Shares of the Company for a total consideration of approximately HK\$116 million during the six months ended 30 June 2021.

12. CHARGE ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2021, MTR Corporation (Shenzhen) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company in the Mainland of China, has pledged the fare and non-fare revenue and the benefits of insurance contracts in relation to Phase 2 of Shenzhen Metro Line 4 as security for the RMB1,367 million bank loan facility granted to it.

As at 30 June 2021, MTR CREG Metro (Shenzhen) Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Company in the Mainland of China, has pledged the fare and non-fare revenue in relation to Shenzhen Metro Line 13 as security for the RMB3,200 million bank loan facility granted to it.

Saved as disclosed above, none of the other assets of the Group was charged or subject to any encumbrance as at 30 June 2021.

13. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Company has complied with the Code Provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code, contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

14. PUBLICATION OF THE INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND INTERIM REPORT

This interim results announcement is published on the Company's website at www.mtr.com.hk and the website of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange"). The Interim Report will also be available at the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites and will be despatched to shareholders of the Company in early September 2021.

	Six months ende	ed 30 June
	2021	2020
Total passenger boardings for Hong Kong transport operations (in millions)		
- Domestic Service	646.1	553.6
- Cross-boundary Service	0.2	7.4
- High Speed Rail (Hong Kong Section)	-	1.1
- Airport Express	1.0	2.1
- Light Rail and Bus	88.6	73.0
Average number of passengers (in thousands)		
- Domestic Service (weekday)	3,849.5	3,321.1
- Cross-boundary Service (daily)	1.3	40.6
- High Speed Rail (Hong Kong Section) (daily)	=	35.6 ⁽¹⁾
- Airport Express (daily)	5.4	11.4
- Light Rail and Bus (weekday)	510.4	416.3
EBITDA margin [^]		
- Including Mainland of China and international subsidiaries	17.6%	18.5%
- Excluding Mainland of China and international subsidiaries $^{^{\delta}}$	32.7%	33.2%
EBIT margin*		
- Including Mainland of China and international subsidiaries	4.9%	4.3%
- Excluding Mainland of China and international subsidiaries $^{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}$	6.2%	6.7%

⁽¹⁾ Average of 1 January 2020 to 29 January 2020

MANAGEMENT REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

It is my privilege to report on the performance of MTR Corporation Limited for the first half of 2021, a period that saw both the Company and Hong Kong make strides toward overcoming the significant difficulties posed by COVID-19 and lay the groundwork for future recovery and growth.

Over these six months, our colleagues kept Hong Kong moving with great courage and commitment, delivering strong service while maintaining world-class standards of railway operations, health and safety. At the same time, more favourable operating conditions helped the Company drive higher patronage and mall traffic, while several important railway and property projects made encouraging progress.

We continue to face a number of challenges. Economic activity remains below pre-pandemic levels. Social and travel restrictions are still in place, limiting business activities to varying degrees in the markets where we operate. Cross-boundary traffic, which would allow tourist customers from the Mainland of China to return, has yet to reopen. Despite all of this, we continued to deliver

[^] Operating profit before Hong Kong property development, depreciation, amortisation and variable annual payment as a percentage of total revenue

^δ Excluding the relevant revenue and expenses of Mainland of China and international subsidiaries of HK\$12,082 million and HK\$11,496 million (2020: HK\$10,465 million and HK\$10,160 million) respectively

^{*} Profit before interest, finance charges and taxation (excluding profit on Hong Kong property development and share of profit of associates and joint ventures) as a percentage of total revenue

Excluding the relevant revenue, expenses, depreciation and amortisation of Mainland of China and international subsidiaries of HK\$12,082 million, HK\$11,496 million and HK\$134 million (2020: HK\$10,465 million, HK\$10,160 million and HK\$127 million) respectively

safe, reliable and efficient services in the cities we serve, including Hong Kong, the Mainland of China and international markets.

At the same time, we are now in the process of integrating a new strategic direction that will enable long-term sustainable growth both for the Company and the communities it serves. In 2020, we embarked on our new Corporate Strategy, "Transforming the Future". Since early this year, we have been phasing in a new management organisation – one of our most important transformation initiatives – which will enhance accountability and collaboration across business units and internal functions as well as strengthen the Company's "three lines of defence".

Our Corporate Strategy defines our three key strategic pillars and the roles they will play in our future. Building the first pillar, our "Hong Kong Core", involves leveraging our expertise and technological innovations to advance and grow our local railway network, station commercial and property business, all while connecting communities across the territory and advancing our social and environmental objectives. We will also seek to grow steadily our second pillar, "Mainland China and International Businesses", to drive returns while maintaining our global competitiveness and building our brand internationally. Last but not least, we will develop our third pillar, "New Growth Engines", by investing in areas such as new railway technologies and Mobility as a Service ("MaaS") to strengthen our ventures and drive long-term growth. This will be a multi-year transformation journey.

These pillars are supported by five enablers that will be instrumental to our success: utilising Technology to enable our businesses; strengthening our Organisation and Processes; investing in People; enhancing the financial accountability of our businesses; and establishing a Transformation Management Office to oversee the delivery of our Corporate Strategy.

Importantly, as the backbone of sustainable mobility, the Company is responsible for ensuring that its communities continue to grow and connect in a sustainable and socially inclusive manner. Therefore, it is paramount that we achieve strong environmental, social and governance ("ESG") performance at all levels of our operations. On this front, we are embedding ESG principles into our businesses and operations to create value for all of our stakeholders.

Since July 2020 and over the first half of this year, we have been successful in sowing the seeds for Company-wide awareness and buy-in of our Corporate Strategy. The Transformation Management Office has engaged staff at all levels to communicate the benefits of and need for this new direction, and to listen attentively to feedback. We have reorganised business units and adopted a matrix organisation with business units and corporate functions. We have also reviewed and are in the process of strengthening the Company's "three lines of defence".

We reached a number of achievements during the period. On 27 June 2021, we opened the full Tuen Ma Line, Hong Kong's longest railway line, bringing safe, convenient, comfortable, efficient and environmentally friendly railway services to even more customers while enhancing connectivity between major population centres in Hong Kong.

MTR continued to achieve world-class service performance, including the attainment of 99.9% train service delivery and passenger journeys on-time. The Company also worked hard to keep improving its passenger experience, employing the latest technologies to enhance its popular MTR Mobile while also developing smart maintenance and operations.

In our property business, we awarded Package 5 and Package 6 of THE SOUTHSIDE in Wong Chuk Hang. Upon completion, these phases are expected to add approximately 1,800 units to the Hong Kong residential market.

By 30 June 2021, we had completed 94.3% of the Hung Hom to Admiralty Section, the second section of the Shatin to Central Link. We will continue to work towards opening this extension of the East Rail Line as soon as possible.

In May 2021, we were invited by Government to proceed with detailed planning and design for the Hung Shui Kiu Station project. This new station, located between Tin Shui Wai and Siu Hong stations on the Tuen Ma Line, will become a significant transport facility serving the new population of the Hung Shui Kiu/ Ha Tsuen New Development Area. This is the fourth Railway Development Strategy 2014 ("RDS 2014") railway extension project (following the Tung Chung Line Extension, Tuen Mun South Extension – which will become the Tuen Ma Line Extension in the future – as well as Kwu Tung Station and the Northern Link) that Government has asked the Company to take forward under the ownership investment model.

We continued to make progress with new shopping centres and property development projects. The Tung Chung Traction Substation and Pak Shing Kok Ventilation Building developments have proceeded to the land grant stage. In the meantime, the tender of Tung Chung East Station Package 1 is subject to our entering into a project agreement with Government for the Tung Chung Line Extension.

Growing our business in the Mainland of China and international market is one of our core strategic pillars. We continued to seek transit-oriented development ("TOD") opportunities in the Mainland of China and overseas. We also launched a Global Operations Standard that will further enable us to bring our years of operational experience and expertise to bear in other cities we serve.

During the period under review, our financial results continued to be impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Although profit arising from recurrent businesses increased by 110.6% to HK\$912 million, property development profit decreased by 39.5% to HK\$3,147 million. As a result, profit arising from underlying businesses decreased by 27.9% to HK\$4,059 million. Including the loss arising from investment property revaluation (a non-cash accounting item), net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$2,673 million, representing earnings per share after revaluation of HK\$0.43.

Your Board has declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.25 per share, the same as the corresponding period last year.

HONG KONG BUSINESSES

This segment, which includes Hong Kong railway operations, station commercial activities, and property development and rental, represents the core of MTR's business. Over the first six months of the year, COVID-19 continued to affect commercial and rental revenue, primarily because of the drastic reduction in tourists and cross-boundary passenger journeys resulting from the closure of boundaries and transport links. However, domestic patronage numbers continued to recover in the first half of 2021. Meanwhile, the Company continued to move forward with a number of important property projects under its proven "Rail plus Property" business model.

Transport Operations

Highlights

- Opened the full Tuen Ma Line in June 2021
- Maintained world-class 99.9% train service delivery and passenger journeys on-time
- Total patronage at 735.9 million, 15.5% higher than the same period last year; this was mainly due to improvements in the pandemic situation

	Six month: 30 Ju		
HK\$ million	2021	2020	Inc./(Dec.) %
Hong Kong Transport Operations			
Total Revenue	6,004	6,234	(3.7)
Profit before Depreciation, Amortisation and Variable Annual Payment ("EBITDA") (Loss)/Profit before Interest and Finance Charges	251	106	136.8
and after Variable Annual Payment ("EBIT")	(2,285)	(2,579)	11.4
EBITDA Margin (in %) EBIT Margin (in %)	4.2% (38.1)%	1.7% (41.4)%	2.5% pts. 3.3% pts.

Revenue from Hong Kong transport operations decreased by 3.7% to HK\$6,004 million compared to the HK\$6,234 million recorded over the corresponding period last year. Loss before interest and finance charges and after the variable annual payment was HK\$2,285 million. These results were primarily due to the continued negative impact of the COVID-19 outbreak.

Patronage and Revenue

	<u>Patronage</u> In million		<mark>Reve</mark> i HK\$ m	
Hong Kong Transport Operations	Six months ended 30 June 2021	Inc./(Dec.) %	Six months ended 30 June 2021	Inc./(Dec.) %
Domestic Service*	646.1	16.7	5,000	7.4
Cross-boundary Service	0.2	(96.7)	2	(99.6)
High Speed Rail	-	n/m	651	(1.1)
Airport Express	1.0	(53.2)	51	(52.3)
Light Rail and Bus	88.6	21.4	268	10.3
Intercity	-	n/m	-	n/m
	735.9	15.5	5,972	(3.7)
Others			32	(5.9)
Total			6,004	(3.7)

^{*} Domestic Service comprises the Kwun Tong, Tsuen Wan, Island, Tung Chung, Tseung Kwan O, Disneyland Resort, East Rail (excluding Cross-boundary Service), South Island and Tuen Ma lines

n/m: not meaningful

Although it has yet to return to pre-pandemic levels, patronage recovered to varying degrees in the first half of 2021, particularly in more residential areas. This was due largely to improved operating conditions in the first six months of 2021 as workers and students returned to offices and schools, certain anti-pandemic measures were relaxed, and vaccination programmes got underway. As a result, Domestic Service patronage rose during the period, driving an increase in total patronage of all our rail and bus passenger services in Hong Kong of 15.5% to 735.9 million. Average weekday patronage increased by 15.1% to 4.37 million. Boundary crossings between Hong Kong and the Mainland of China – including the crossings at Lo Wu, Lok Ma Chau and Hong Kong West Kowloon stations as well as the Intercity Through Train control point at Hung Hom Station – remained closed during the first half of the year, impacting the patronage of Crossboundary Service, High Speed Rail ("HSR") and Intercity. Airport Express patronage was 1 million, representing a 53.2% decrease compared to the corresponding period the previous year as travel restrictions continued to impact air travel to and from Hong Kong.

MTR continued to drive ridership by offering special promotions and fares and promoting non-peak travel, often leveraging its MTR Mobile to increase customer engagement. To prepare for the eventual resumption of Cross-boundary Service and HSR, MTR has formulated a business recovery plan that includes enhanced COVID-19 protection measures for station and trains. The Company has also co-ordinated and implemented pre-opening initiatives to maintain market presence, strengthen public engagement and social inclusion, and build goodwill. These include hosting tours at Hong Kong West Kowloon Station and Shek Kong Stabling Sidings as well as offering refunds for previously purchased tickets.

Market Share

The Company's overall market share of the franchised public transport market in Hong Kong was 46.2% for the first five months of 2021 compared with 44.6% during the corresponding period in 2020. The increase was mainly due to the recovery in domestic patronage, especially commuter trips, and incremental contribution from the Tuen Ma Line Phase 1. Of this total, our share of cross-harbour traffic was 66.7% compared with 65.1% over the first five months of 2020. Our share of the cross-boundary business, including HSR and Cross-boundary Service, was 0% due to the closures of boundary crossings during the period. Our share of traffic to and from the airport over the first five months of 2021 rose to 21.0% from 16.3%.

Fare Adjustment, Promotions and Concessions

Following the revision by the Census and Statistics Department of the year-on-year percentage change in the Composite Consumer Price Index for December 2020, the overall fare adjustment rate under the Fare Adjustment Mechanism ("FAM") for 2021/2022 was revised to -1.85% with effect from 27 June 2021. Prior to this announcement, MTR offered a 20% rebate to customers till March 2021 in conjunction with Government. The Company then offered a 5% rebate from 1 April to 26 June 2021. From 27 June 2021, passengers will enjoy the fare reduction of 1.85% as well as a further 3.8% rebate, implying savings of about 5% for passengers on actual fares until January 2022. Together, these reductions and rebates will allow customers to enjoy total fare savings of more than HK\$900 million for 2021/2022.

In addition, as part of the Company's package of economic relief measures issued last year in response to the COVID-19 outbreak, a HK\$100 discount was offered on MTR City Saver and Monthly Pass Extras until June 2021. Following the implementation of the fare reduction, we are offering a HK\$50 discount during the period of July 2021 to December 2021.

To celebrate the commissioning of the full Tuen Ma Line in June 2021, we introduced a number of special fare promotions including HK\$1 fare discounts at four stations along the Tuen Ma Line as well as an extension of the special interchange discount for designated bus and green minibus routes. Existing fare promotion programmes such as City Saver, Monthly Pass Extra and Early Bird Discount were also extended to cover new Tuen Ma Line stations.

To ensure that we provide socially inclusive services for our customers, we expect to offer more than HK\$1.7 billion in on-going fare concessions to the elderly, children, eligible students and persons with disabilities in 2021.

Service Performance

Despite various operational challenges due to the pandemic, MTR continued its strong track record of dependable service during the period under review, achieving 99.9% in both passenger journeys on-time and train service delivery along our heavy rail network. This performance exceeds the targets set in our Operating Agreement and also surpasses our Customer Service Pledge standards. Passenger journeys on-time are those completed within five minutes of their scheduled journey times, while train service delivery measures actual train trips run against those scheduled to be run.

In the first half of 2021, MTR ran more than 0.86 million train trips (and around 135.0 million car-km) on its heavy rail network and more than 0.47 million trips (and 5.2 million car-km) on its light rail network. There were nine delays lasting 31 minutes or more and attributable to factors within MTR's control on the heavy rail network and none on the light rail network. The light rail network has experienced no such delays since 2019. When delays do occur, the Company carries out thorough investigations and takes necessary measures to minimise recurrence in the future.

On 6 February 2021, MTR commenced operations of the new signalling system for the East Rail Line, an important part of the Shatin to Central Link project, with the introduction of the first new train. System performance has been trending towards steady operations since commencement and will continue to be monitored closely.

Enhancing the Customer Service Experience

MTR continued to demonstrate leadership in customer service with strong support of frontline staff, making a number of enhancements to facilities and services during the first six months of the year. Many of these initiatives centred on innovation and ESG, underscoring the Company's firm commitment to its Corporate Strategy.

Boosting Passenger Convenience

The full Tuen Ma Line commenced passenger service on 27 June 2021, marking the opening of the longest railway line in Hong Kong. The 56-km Tuen Ma Line serves 27 stations throughout the eastern and western New Territories and east Kowloon, connecting passengers with the East Rail Line, Kwun Tong Line, Tung Chung Line and Tsuen Wan Line via six interchange stations. It also extends MTR's safe, reliable, convenient, efficient and environmentally friendly railway network to areas of To Kwa Wan, Kowloon City and the new Kai Tak Development Site.

The Tuen Ma Line also represents a new era in customer service for MTR. Passenger Information Display Systems at platforms show real-time train car loading information, allowing passengers to choose cars with more space for boarding. In addition, the new To Kwa Wan and Sung Wong Toi stations have roving teams of station staff and robots to handle enquiries and ticketing issues for passengers at the concourse. Robots will also carry out cleaning works, assist station staff and provide safety reminders to passengers using escalators.

In the first half of the year, the Company also continued to optimise train services during non-peak hours in order to meet the changing needs of the public during the pandemic.

Greater Comfort for Passengers

As part of the Company's programme to retire older trains and light rail vehicles and replace them with new models, MTR has ordered 93 new heavy rail eight-car trains and 40 new light rail vehicles. As at end-June 2021 we have received delivery of 11 new eight-car heavy rail trains, while 12 new light rail vehicles have been delivered and six have been put into passenger service.

During the period, we replaced approximately half our chillers with newer, more energy-efficient models for enhanced comfort in our stations and depots. With the completion of Phase 4 in April 2021, a total of 105 new chillers have been installed in 26 stations and four depots over the past four years. In the fourth quarter of 2021, another 28 new chillers will be installed in nine stations. All work is expected to be completed in 2023.

We also continued to upgrade our existing signalling system. Work is being carried out on systems along the Tsuen Wan, Island, Kwun Tong and Tseung Kwan O lines. We are also conducting a comprehensive review of the new signalling system software for the Tsuen Wan Line to ensure it continues to be safe and reliable. Work on the signalling of the Tung Chung Line, Airport Express and Disneyland Resort Line will be planned together with the Tung Chung Line Extension under RDS 2014.

Enhancing Station Facilities

Our stations are critical to the customer experience as well as our operations, and we strive to make them comfortable and accessible for all passengers. Over the first six months of the year, we installed new and refurbished escalators and lifts for ease of access, and we designated priority seats at platforms where passengers in need can rest. To help passengers in wheelchairs board and alight from Light Rail Vehicles, we also installed "Board Easy Mats" at 25 selected stop platforms during the first half of the year.

The on-going installation of additional baby care rooms and toilets will also result in greater passenger comfort during journeys. New public toilets and a baby care room at Tsim Sha Tsui Station are planned for opening in the second quarter of 2022, by which time new public toilets at all interchange stations will have been completed.

Smart Mobility to Enhance Customer Journeys

Technology is a critical component of the modern customer experience. It forms an integral part of our Corporate Strategy as we strive to make MTR ready and fit for the future. It is even more important in the prevailing pandemic environment, as hygiene-conscious customers demand contactless services and online shopping alternatives. During the period under review, we worked to accelerate our investment in innovation, using advanced technology and integrated digital platforms for better, safer and more personalised engagement.

Our MTR Mobile has become one of our primary customer service touchpoints. Earlier this year, we announced the launch of QR code tickets, which give passengers using the MTR Mobile or AlipayHK contactless access to MTR entry and exit gates – enabling them to travel throughout the heavy rail network with added convenience. We have added more interchange stations to the app's "Waiting Time Indicator" function, which gives passengers a real-time estimation of how long they need to wait at platforms to board our trains. To promote MaaS and smart mobility, we also introduced a "Book Taxi" function on MTR Mobile that lets customers hail taxis and complete their trip planning on a single platform.

Smart Operations and Maintenance

Employing the latest technologies enables us to work smarter behind the scenes to achieve world-class rail and station services. In the first half of this year, we continued to extend our use of Smart Train Planning, an Al platform with cloud technology whereby we can input big data such as mileage, train movement constraints, and operational and maintenance requirements to generate optimised train deployment schedules, maintenance work and train assignment timetables. We are now working on extending use of this platform to the newly opened Tuen Ma Line. We also began trialling a Smart Train Roof and Pantograph Monitoring System along the Tuen Ma Line to capture complete images of train pantographs and roofs automatically, which enables maintenance crews to conduct immediate fleet checks remotely via web access when incidents occur. Also to enhance monitoring of in-service trains, we have adopted image recognition technology to identify anomalies, alert maintenance teams and prevent further escalation of failures.

Station Commercial Businesses

Highlights

- Launched Kerry Express @ MTR Shops, a new station retail solution
- Installed 61 digital advertising panels; 6% of the Company's advertising panels is now digital
- 5G services available at 70 stations as at June 2021

	Six month 30 Ju		
HK\$ million	2021	2020	Inc./(Dec.) %
Hong Kong Station Commercial Businesses			
Station Retail Rental Revenue	808	1,183	(31.7)
Advertising Revenue	344	213	61.5
Telecommunication Income	302	365	(17.3)
Other Station Commercial Income	42	48	(12.5)
Total Revenue	1,496	1,809	(17.3)
EBITDA	1,276	1,549	(17.6)
EBIT	1,145	1,334	(14.2)
EBITDA Margin (in %)	85.3%	85.6%	(0.3)% pt.
EBIT Margin (in %)	76.5%	73.7%	2.8% pts.

In the first half of 2021, total revenue from all Hong Kong station commercial activities decreased year on year by 17.3% to HK\$1,496 million. This was mainly attributable to the loss of rental revenue resulting from the suspension of cross-boundary rail services following boundary closures as well as on-going rental concessions granted to shop tenants whose businesses have been impacted by the pandemic.

Rental revenue from station shops was HK\$808 million, representing a decrease of 31.7% compared to the same period last year. This was primarily attributed to the fact that January 2020 was still a normal month before the outbreak of the pandemic. Despite a general recovery in Domestic Service station retail sales, the economic and operating environments remain largely unfavourable. As a result, we continue to foster relationships with existing tenants and attract new tenants by offering flexible and/ or shorter-term leases, particularly to small and medium enterprises. Since the COVID-19 outbreak in the beginning of 2020, we have offered rental relief to affected tenants, further demonstrating our commitment to helping our business partners persevere in the current business climate. We also continued reviewing our station tenant mix to enhance customer appeal and drive rental revenue. As at 30 June 2021, the total number of retail shops in our stations was 1,543, covering 68,062 square metres of station retail area. The increase in the number of station shops compared with the first six months of 2020 was mainly due to the opening of the full Tuen Ma Line. The rental reversion and average occupancy rates in our station kiosks for the first half of 2021 were -17.5% and 98.1%, respectively.

This year, MTR has collaborated with Kerry Logistics Network Limited to launch an online-to-offline ("O2O") retail platform which aims to change the online shopping experience with a new, one-stop fulfilment solution that brings ease and expediency to online consumption. "Kerry Express @ MTR Shops" outlets offer self-service pick-up units along with interactive screens that allow for instant purchase and pick-up of a range of products. By purchasing online from Kerry Logistics' quality partner brands, customers can choose to pick up their products in any "Kerry Express @ MTR Shops" outlet. Eight of these O2O outlets have commenced service at MTR stations across Hong Kong since May 2021, with a total of 13 set to open within this year.

As at 30 June 2021, the lease expiry profile of our station kiosks (including Duty Free shops) by area occupied was such that approximately 21% will expire in the second half of 2021, 42% in 2022, 25% in 2023, and 12% in 2024 and beyond.

In terms of trade mix, food and beverage accounted for approximately 23% of the leased area of our station kiosks (excluding Duty Free shops), followed by cake shops at 16%, convenience stores at 14%, passenger services at 12% and others at 35% as at 30 June 2021.

Revenue from advertising increased by 61.5% to HK\$344 million in the first half of the year, mainly due to improved market sentiment following the resumption of economic activities and relaxing of social distancing measures. As at 30 June 2021, the total number of advertising units in stations and trains was 49,307, including new advertising panels launched along the newly opened full Tuen Ma Line. We continued to address limited advertising budgets and late bookings with audience-targeted solutions and aggressive, flexible sales packages. In accordance with our commitment to innovation, we continued to digitalise our advertising formats, introducing two new iconic LED screens at Tsim Sha Tsui and Causeway Bay stations. We also further extended our digital networks at the platforms and concourses of 22 stations and widened our real-time dynamic advertising distribution network to more rail lines to meet market demand for flexible display options, dynamic content creative, and geo- and micro-targeted advertising. These comprehensive physical and advertising assets help provide an all-round online-offline solution for marketers in the new market paradigm. The Company's total media solution of MTR station advertising plus MTR Mobile has gained popularity as a result, with more than 280 online-offline campaigns rolled out during the period.

Revenue from our telecommunications business decreased by 17.3% to HK\$302 million in the first half of 2021. Our project to boost capacity with a new commercial telecom system is nearly finished, with 30 of 31 stations completed by end-June. Meanwhile, 5G service has now been launched at 70 stations.

Property and Other Businesses

Highlights

- Awarded THE SOUTHSIDE Package 5 and Package 6
- Booked property development profit from LOHAS Park Package 8

Property Rental and Management

	Six month 30 Ju		
HK\$ million	2021	2020	Inc./(Dec.) %
Hong Kong Property Rental and Property Management Businesses			
Revenue from Property Rental	2,392	2,469	(3.1)
Revenue from Property Management	119	113	5.3
Total Revenue	2,511	2,582	(2.7)
EBITDA EBIT	2,078 2,067	2,203 2,193	(5.7) (5.7)
EBITDA Margin (in %) EBIT Margin (in %)	82.8% 82.3%	85.3% 84.9%	(2.5)% pts. (2.6)% pts.

Property rental revenue decreased by 3.1% to HK\$2,392 million in the first half of 2021, which was primarily the result of rental concessions granted to tenants due to the on-going pandemic situation. These concessions were partially offset by incremental contributions from the opening of The LOHAS and the acquisition of remaining economic interests in Telford Plaza II in Kowloon Bay and Popcorn 2 in Tseung Kwan O last year. Rental concessions are granted on a case-by-case basis with consideration given to the pandemic's impact on certain trade categories. The principles are reviewed on a regular basis, and concessions are amortised to the profit and loss account over the remaining lease terms of respective tenants.

MTR shopping malls in Hong Kong recorded a rental reversion of -11.4%. Our shopping malls in Hong Kong and the Company's 18 floors in Two International Finance Centre were 98.5% and 98.2% let on average, respectively.

While retail sentiment improved during the period, mall traffic and rentals continued to be impacted by the lack of inbound tourism, work-from-home arrangements and a change of customer behaviours. In response, the Company continued to take a number of actions to drive mall traffic. These included partnering with tenants for customer loyalty and redemption programmes, opening pop-up stores for e-commerce merchants, and diversifying the tenant trade mix in MTR malls to appeal to changing trends and demographics. We leveraged MTR Mobile to apply targeted marketing according to shopper behaviour to stimulate spending. We also introduced "eVouchers" that allow customers to redeem and use electronic cash vouchers for MTR Malls and station shops without queuing for physical vouchers.

As at 30 June 2021, our attributable share of investment properties in Hong Kong was 256,938 square metres of lettable floor area of retail properties, 39,404 square metres of lettable floor area of office space and 18,905 square metres of property for other use.

As at 30 June 2021, the lease expiry profile of our shopping malls by area occupied was such that approximately 17% will expire in the second half of 2021, 34% in 2022, 23% in 2023, and 26% in 2024 and beyond.

In terms of trade mix as at 30 June 2021, food and beverage accounted for approximately 29% of the leased area of our shopping malls, followed by services at 23%, fashion, beauty and accessories at 22%, leisure and entertainment at 17%, and department stores and supermarkets at 9%.

Property management revenue in Hong Kong increased by 5.3% to HK\$119 million over the first six months of the year. As at 30 June 2021, MTR managed more than 111,000 residential units and over 772,000 square metres of office and commercial space in Hong Kong.

Property Development and Tendering

Hong Kong property development profit was HK\$3,118 million, which was mainly derived from surplus proceeds from LOHAS Park Package 8.

Pre-sales activities continued during the first six months of the year for a number of important property development projects. As at 30 June 2021, approximately 76% of SOUTHLAND (THE SOUTHSIDE Package 1) and 98% of The Pavilia Farm (Tai Wai Station) had been sold. In addition, 99.9% of MARINI, GRAND MARINI and OCEAN MARINI (LOHAS Park Package 9) and 99.4% of SEA TO SKY (LOHAS Park Package 8) had been sold. Pre-sales of LP10 (LOHAS Park Package 10) began in January 2021, and 59.7% of units had been sold as at end-June. The pre-sale consent for La Marina (THE SOUTHSIDE Package 2) has been obtained.

For the West Rail property development projects, where we act as agent for the relevant subsidiaries of Kowloon-Canton Railway Corporation ("KCRC"), all residential units of Cullinan West (Nam Chong Station) and Sol City (Long Ping Station (South)) have been sold while sales continued for Cullinan West II and Cullinan West III. The application for pre-sale consent for Yuen Long Station property development (Phase 1) remains in progress.

In January 2021, THE SOUTHSIDE Package 5 was awarded to a consortium formed by New World Development Company Limited, Empire Development Hong Kong (BVI) Limited, CSI Properties Limited and Lai Sun Development Company Limited. In April 2021, our last package at THE SOUTHSIDE, THE SOUTHSIDE Package 6, was awarded to a subsidiary of Wheelock Properties Limited. For Ho Man Tin Station Package 1, a novation agreement was reached between MTR Corporation Limited, Goldin Properties Holdings Limited and Great Eagle Group.

Operationally, COVID-19 and social distancing measures continued to necessitate adjustments to the Company's sales efforts. During the period we worked closely with developers to ensure sales office hygiene and offer online marketing alternatives – thus providing confidence to purchasers and visitors – and to monitor and devise strategies for changing market conditions.

We always attach great importance to railway safety and the quality of property development projects. We are highly concerned about the concrete quality issue of The Pavilia Farm III and have urged New World Development Company Limited ("the Developer") to conduct a full investigation and implement proper remedial measures as soon as possible, in order to ensure that the relevant buildings will meet the requirements of the approved design and all statutory requirements and that our railway facilities, services and safety will not be affected. We have also requested that the Developer take into consideration the interests of affected purchasers and undertake necessary follow-up actions.

Other Businesses

Revenue from Ngong Ping 360 increased by 19.4% to HK\$43 million in the first six months of 2021, reflecting a 54.1% increase in visitor numbers to approximately 200,000, most of which was domestic visitation. The business also benefitted from sales offers and attractive promotional events launched during the period, as well as from staycation packages organised in partnership with Lantau hotels.

Our share of profit from Octopus Holdings Limited decreased by 2.0% to HK\$100 million in the first half of the year. This was mainly due to higher marketing costs for projects scheduled for the second half of the year and lower sales of Tourist Octopus and consumer products, partially offset by higher retail transaction volume. As at 30 June 2021, more than 45,000 service providers in Hong Kong accepted Octopus payments. Total cards and other stored-value Octopus products in circulation were 31.9 million, while average daily transaction volumes and value were 12.9 million and HK\$216.3 million, respectively. Our base of new merchants expanded substantially in the first half as a result of the Consumption Voucher Scheme.

GROWING OUR HONG KONG BUSINESSES

Highlights

- Completed 94.3% of the Hung Hom to Admiralty Section by end of June 2021
- Invitation received from Government to proceed with detailed planning and design of Hung Shui Kiu Station in May 2021

In the first half of the year, we continued to make progress on the Shatin to Central Link as well as a number of other railway projects in our core market of Hong Kong, all of which are key to our growth as well as the connectivity of the city we call home. We also continued to expand our property portfolio, bringing quality residential units and shopping centres to the market in major urban growth areas.

Shatin to Central Link

The Shatin to Central Link, a project managed by MTR on behalf of the Government, will greatly enhance connectivity between major population centres in Hong Kong. The first section is the Tai Wai to Hung Hom Section, which connects the former Ma On Shan Line to the former West Rail Line to form the Tuen Ma Line. Four new stations were built for this project, and expansion works were carried out at four interchange stations. Following the opening of Tuen Ma Line Phase 1 in February 2020, the full-line opening of the Tuen Ma Line in June 2021 brought this important section of the Shatin to Central Link infrastructure to fruition. On 21 June 2021, the Company entered into agreements with Government and KCRC for the operation of the Tuen Ma Line for a concession period of two years from 27 June 2021.

The Hung Hom to Admiralty section, the second section of the Shatin to Central Link, was 94.3% complete as at end-June 2021. As the existing East Rail Line will connect with the new Hung Hom to Admiralty Section, its signalling system must be upgraded for compatibility with the new section. Following the satisfactory completion of testing, as well as approvals from relevant Government departments, the East Rail Line's new signalling system and the first new train were commissioned on 6 February 2021. This was, however, later than planned due to a postponement of the anticipated commissioning in 2020. As the commissioning of the new signalling system on the East Rail Line is on the critical path of the programme leading to opening, the completion date of the Hung Hom to Admiralty section will inevitably be impacted. As the project manager of the project, the Company is making every effort to reduce the impact of this delay. The project programme is being reviewed holistically, and the Company will announce the new target opening date of this section as soon as possible.

After reviewing the Report of the Investigation Panel into the postponement of the commissioning of the new signalling system, the Company also announced the establishment of a dedicated Shatin to Central Link Technical and Engineering Assurance Team to monitor the project from both technical and service readiness perspectives and to identify critical issues with the remaining works for timely reporting and follow-up. A new Service Reliability Report will also be prepared for Government before the commissioning of new lines.

In April 2021, the audit report submitted by the Independent Audit Panel for "Implementation of Recommendations in the Final Report of the Commission of Inquiry ("the COI") into the Construction Works at and near the Hung Hom Station Extension under the Shatin to Central Link Project" was released. The report concluded that the Company has implemented the majority of the COI recommendations, while the remaining recommendations, which primarily relate to amendments of the project management procedures and review of the suite of contract documents to be adopted for future projects, are making satisfactory progress towards implementation.

Other New Railway Projects

The Company continues to make progress on initiatives related to RDS 2014, the Government framework for the future expansion of Hong Kong's railway network. In April, May and December 2020, we were invited to proceed with the detailed planning and design of the Tung Chung Line Extension, Tuen Mun South Extension, as well as Kwu Tung Station and the Northern Link, respectively. Currently, we are progressing the detailed planning and design, ground investigation and environmental impact assessment work for the Tung Chung Line Extension and Tuen Mun South Extension. For the Northern Link project, we awarded the consultancy for detailed planning and design of Kwu Tung Station in April 2021 and the preliminary design consultancy for the main line and associated stations in July 2021. The terms of implementation of such projects are subject to the respective project agreement to be entered into with Government.

In May 2021, we were invited by Government to proceed with detailed planning and design works for Hung Shui Kiu Station, which will be located between Tin Shui Wai and Siu Hong stations along the Tuen Ma Line. This new station will serve the burgeoning Hung Shui Kiu/ Ha Tsuen New Development Area, increasing development potential as well as job opportunities in the area.

We continue to work with Government to address technical challenges related to the East Kowloon Line and North Island Line. Regarding the South Island Line (West), we are addressing comments from Government after submitting a proposal in December 2020.

Expanding the Property Portfolio

Investment Properties

Our new malls, The Wai in Tai Wai and THE SOUTHSIDE in Wong Chuk Hang, are expected to boost the attributable GFA of our existing retail portfolio by approximately 30%. Superstructure works

for THE SOUTHSIDE have commenced, and the anticipated opening date is 2023. In light of the recent construction issue regarding The Pavilia Farm III, we are assessing the potential impact on the opening of The Wai based on the report recently submitted by the developer.

Residential Property Development

Supporting Government's housing supply efforts, 15 residential property projects have been awarded and are expected to deliver approximately 20,000 units to the market over the next six years or so.

Ground investigation works have commenced and layout planning is progressing for the Siu Ho Wan Depot site topside development, which is expected to provide approximately 20,000 units, roughly half of which will be public housing. The town planning procedures for the Tung Chung Traction Substation and Pak Shing Kok Ventilation Building developments were completed in June 2021, and we will tender out these two projects subject to the approval of land grants. The tender for Tung Chung East Station Package 1 is subject to our entering into a project agreement for the Tung Chung Line Extension with Government. Meanwhile, we continue to explore the development potential of sites along our existing and future railway lines, including the Tuen Mun South Extension, Kwu Tung Station and the Northern Link, and Hung Shui Kiu Station.

MAINLAND OF CHINA AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESSES

Highlights

- Progressing with the Shenzhen Metro Line 13 PPP project awarded last year
- Taking over Mälartåg operations in Sweden in December 2021

In addition to developing its home market of Hong Kong, the Company continued to seek opportunities in the Mainland of China and overseas, in particular, the Greater Bay Area, in order to grow and diversify its revenue streams and build the MTR brand globally. Through its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, the Company served a total of approximately 806 million passengers and an average of about 4.96 million passengers per weekday in the Mainland of China, Macao, Australia and Europe over the first six months of 2021. COVID-19 continued to affect patronage, although the extent to which it impacted the Company's financial performance varied depending on the business models for different business contracts.

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		agement Busi	nesses		ional Railway I	Businesses	c: .1	Total	
		Six months		Six months			Six months		
111241 - 1111	ended 30	ended 30	Inc./	ended 30	ended 30	Inc./	ended 30	ended 30	Inc./
HK\$' million	June 2021	June 2020	(Dec.) %	June 2021	June 2020	(Dec.) %	June 2021	June 2020	(Dec.) %
RECURRENT BUSINESSES									
<u>Subsidiaries</u>									
Revenue	879	753	16.7	•	9,712	15.0	12,050	10,465	15.1
EBITDA	148	119	24.4		190	126.8	579	309	87.4
EBIT	142	113	25.7		69	339.1	445	182	144.5
EBIT (Net of Non-controlling Interests)	142	113	25.7		46	321.7	336	159	111.3
EBITDA Margin (in %)	16.8%		1.0 % pt.			1.9 % pts.	4.8%		1.8 % pts.
EBIT Margin (in %)	16.2%		1.2 % pts.			2.0 % pts.	3.7%		2.0 % pts.
Recurrent Business Profit/(loss)	154	92	67.4	104	(12)	n/m	258	80	222.5
Associates and Joint Ventures									
Share of EBIT	824	288	186.1	33	28	17.9	857	316	171.2
Share of Profit	399	88	353.4		27	14.8	430	115	273.9
EBIT of Subsidiaries (Net of									
Non-controlling Interests)							1		
and Share of EBIT of							1		
Associates and Joint Ventures	966	401	140.9	227	74	206.8	1,193	475	151.2
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLD	DERS OF THE CO	ΣΜΡΔΝΥ							
- Arising from Recurrent Businesses (be			Expenses)				688	195	252.8
- Business Development Expenses	.ioic busess z	,cvciopc	expenses,				(122)	(53)	130.2
- Arising from Recurrent Businesses (aft	tor Rusiness De	velonment Ev	nenses)				566	142	298.6
			penses,				29	29	-
 Arising from Mainland of China Property Total 	•						595	171	248.0

n/m: not meaningful

In the Mainland of China and Macao, recurrent business profit from railway, property rental and property management subsidiaries increased to HK\$154 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 67.4%. This was mainly derived from improved railway operations as well as the recovery of our property rental and management businesses, which was partially offset by a lower contribution from the Macao business.

In our International businesses, recurrent business profit from our railway subsidiaries was HK\$104 million for the first half of the year compared to a recurrent business loss of HK\$12 million over the same period in 2020. This was mainly due to better performance from Metro Trains Melbourne Pty Ltd and our O&M business at Sydney Metro North West, which was partially offset by lower farebox revenue from MTRX in Sweden due to COVID-19.

Our share of profits from our associates and joint ventures increased to HK\$430 million in the first half of 2021 from HK\$115 million during the same period last year. This was mainly due to recovery from COVID-19 by our Hangzhou and Beijing operations.

Excluding Mainland of China property development, our railway, property rental and management subsidiaries (after business development expenses), together with our associates and joint ventures outside of Hong Kong, contributed a net after-tax profit of HK\$566 million in the first half of 2021 on an attributable basis. This represented an increase of 298.6% compared with the HK\$142 million recorded during the first six months of 2020.

Railway Businesses in the Mainland of China

Beijing

In Beijing, our associate operates Beijing Metro Line 4 ("BJL4"), the Daxing Line, the first three phases of Beijing Metro Line 14 ("BJL14"), and the Northern and Middle sections of Beijing Metro Line 16 ("BJL16"). The average on-time train service performance of these four lines in the first half of 2021 was 99.9%. Patronage increased due to recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Both BJL4 and the Daxing Line maintained stable operations during the period under review. Total ridership for the two lines was approximately 153 million passenger trips, and average weekday patronage was over 958,000. The first three phases of BJL14 recorded combined passenger trips of approximately 96 million and average weekday patronage of approximately 629,000. The Northern and Middle sections of BJL16 recorded approximately 21 million passenger trips and average weekday patronage of approximately 140,000 in the first half of 2021.

The full-line opening of BJL14 is targeted for late this year. The full-line opening of BJL16 is scheduled for late 2022 at the earliest. The opening of the first phase of Beijing Metro Line 17 is targeted for end-2021.

Shenzhen

SZL4 is operated by our wholly owned subsidiary. Both SZL4 and the SZL4 North Extension maintained stable operations over the first half of the year with on-time train service performance of 99.9%. Patronage improved due to recovery from the impact of COVID-19, increasing by 45% to 91 million passengers compared to the same period in 2020. Average weekday patronage was 518,000.

There has been no increase in fares for SZL4 since we began operating the full line in 2011. In July 2020, the Shenzhen Municipal Government publicised a fare adjustment framework for the Shenzhen Metro network that took effect on 1 January 2021 for a period of five years. This framework is expected to enable the establishment of a fare-setting mechanism and the procedures for fare adjustment. If a suitable fare increase and adjustment mechanism are not implemented soon, the long-term financial viability of this line will be impacted.

A consortium led by our wholly owned subsidiary was awarded the Shenzhen Metro Line 13 public-private partnership ("PPP") contract last year. Construction work continued during the period under review. Procurement of the signalling and rolling stock contracts has commenced.

Hangzhou

Our associate operates Hangzhou Line 1 ("HZL1"), the HZL1 Xiasha extension and airport extension and Hangzhou Metro Line 5 ("HZL5"), all of which achieved stable operations. Patronage continued to increase due to recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. Over the first six months of the year, ridership of HZL1 and its extensions increased by 66% to 136 million compared to the same period last year. Average weekday patronage for HZL1 and its extensions was 769,000, and on-time train service performance remained at 99.9%. Total patronage of HZL5 was 87 million in the first half of 2021 with an average weekday patronage of 535,000.

Our rolling stock maintenance joint venture company with the CRRC Hangzhou Digital Technology Co. Ltd. consortium continued to perform the rolling stock fleet overhaul for certain awarded lines in Hangzhou and Shenzhen.

Property Business in the Mainland of China

At the Tiara, the residential development at Shenzhen Metro Longhua Line Depot Site Lot 1, 16 out of the 32 remaining units had been sold by 30 June 2021.

During the period under review, COVID-19 continued to affect occupancy rates and foot traffic at TIA Mall in Shenzhen and Ginza Mall in Beijing. Average occupancy rates were 78% for TIA Mall and 74% for Ginza Mall.

In Tianjin, construction is progressing well on the Beiyunhe Station shopping mall, with completion targeted for 2024.

Regarding the Hangzhou West Station TOD project, MTR and its partners secured the land use right for a site south of the station in March 2021. This project is a mixed-use property development comprising serviced apartment, office, retail and hotel elements, with a total developable GFA of approximately 688,210 square metres. Site investigations, preparation of plan submission and an application for consent to work commencement are all in progress.

The Company also manages self-developed and other third-party properties in the Mainland of China, with a total managed area of approximately 406,000 square metres as at 30 June 2021.

Macao Railway Business

MTR operates and maintains Macao's first rapid transit system, the Macao Light Rapid Transit Taipa Line. We also provide project management and technical support to the Macao Government for the design development and project delivery of other light rail lines and extensions in the city. The operation of the LRT Taipa Line was smooth in general during the period under review.

European Railway Business

United Kingdom

In London, our wholly owned subsidiary operates the Crossrail operating concession under the TfL Rail brand. MTR continues to support the phased opening of TfL Rail, which will be renamed Elizabeth Line upon the opening of the Central Operating Section. During the first six months of 2021, we continued to help our client prepare the project for the trial operations phase later this year. While ridership on TfL Rail continued to be impacted by COVID-19, our financial interest is reasonably protected as this concession has no fare revenue risk and financial performance in the first half of 2021 was in line with our expectations for this concession contract.

Our associate operates South Western Railway, one of the largest rail networks in the UK, and achieved stable operations despite the pandemic. During the period under review, we signed a National Rail Contract for a two-year term lasting till May 2023, under which the Department for Transport will retain all revenue risk and substantially all cost risk.

Sweden

MTR is the largest rail operator in Sweden by passenger volume. Our wholly owned subsidiaries operate three rail businesses: Stockholm Metro (Stockholms tunnelbana), MTRX and Stockholm commuter rail service (Stockholms pendeltåg).

In the first half of the year, Stockholm Metro achieved stable operations and full delivery of its service timetable. Ticket revenue for MTRX continued to be significantly impacted by the pandemic due to travel advisories and restrictions on carrying capacity and we are reviewing options to deal with the situation. Stockholms pendeltåg suffered from third-party infrastructure failures and a third-party incident, leading to weaker operating performance during the period.

In December 2020, our subsidiary was awarded the Mälartåg train service operations and maintenance ("O&M") concession. Other bidders challenged the tender process, and one of the appeals was granted by the court. The regional Public Transport Authority then decided to appeal, and the court has yet to issue a final ruling. In the meantime, an interim agreement has been signed with the regional Public Transport Authority stipulating that we will take over Mälartåg operations in December 2021 for a period of two years, with a further year plus one-year extension to be granted at the discretion of the regional Public Transport Authority.

Australia Railway Business

The Melbourne metropolitan rail network, which is operated by our subsidiary, achieved satisfactory operational performance despite patronage being impacted by the on-going pandemic. We continued to support our client on a variety of initiatives to improve passenger service during the period under review.

The Sydney Metro North West Line also achieved satisfactory operational performance. Although patronage continued to be impacted by COVID-19, there is no fare revenue risk according to the terms of this franchise. We continued to make progress on the Sydney Metro City and Southwest project over the first six months of the year.

Growth Outside of Hong Kong

In the first half of the year, we continued to explore opportunities for TOD cooperation in the Greater Bay Area as well as station commercial and related business in Chengdu. We also continued to seek growth opportunities in international markets.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

In addition to the above brief report of the Group's results and operations, this section discusses and analyses such results in more details.

Profit and Loss

		:hs ended		
	30 J	lune	lnc./(Dec.)	
HK\$ million	2021	2020	HK\$ million	%
Total Revenue	22,317	21,592	725	3.4
Recurrent Business (Loss) / Profit [©] EBIT				
Hong Kong Transport Operations Hong Kong Station Commercial	(2,285)	(2,579)	294	11.4
Businesses Hong Kong Property Rental and	1,145	1,334	(189)	(14.2)
Management Businesses Mainland of China and International Railway, Property Rental and Management	2,067	2,193	(126)	(5.7)
Subsidiaries Other Businesses, Project Study and	445	182	263	144.5
Business Development Expenses Share of Profit of Associates and Joint	(294)	(199)	(95)	(47.7)
Ventures	530	217	313	144.2
Total Recurrent EBIT	1,608	1,148	460	40.1
Interest and Finance Charges	(482)	(537)	(55)	(10.2)
Income Tax	(105)	(155)	(50)	(32.3)
Non-controlling Interests	(109)	(23)	86	373.9
Recurrent Business Profit	912	433	479	110.6
Property Development Profit (Post-tax)				
Hong Kong	3,118	5,171	(2,053)	(39.7)
Mainland of China	29	29	-	-
Property Development Profit (Post-tax)	3,147	5,200	(2,053)	(39.5)
Underlying Business Profit arepsilon	4,059	5,633	(1,574)	(27.9)
Investment Property Revaluation Loss	(1,386)	(5,967)	(4,581)	(76.8)
Net Profit / (Loss) Attributable to Shareholders of the Company	2,673	(334)	3,007	n/m

ζ : Recurrent business (loss) / profit represents (loss) / profit from the Group's Hong Kong transport operations, Hong Kong station commercial businesses, Hong Kong property rental and management businesses, Mainland of China and international railway, property rental and management businesses and other businesses.

n/m : not meaningful

 $[\]varepsilon$: Underlying business profit represents profit from the Group's recurrent businesses and property development businesses.

Total Revenue

Total revenue of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2021 was HK\$22,317 million, increased slightly by 3.4% when compared to the same period in 2020. The increase was mainly due to recovery in the Group's Melbourne, Nordic and Shenzhen operations, as well as higher project revenue from Melbourne, but mostly offset by the decrease in revenue from our Hong Kong transport operations ("HKTO") and rental revenue from our Hong Kong station commercial businesses ("HKSC") as January 2020 was still a normal month before the outbreak of COVID-19, as well as the cessation of project management fee recognition in respect of the Shatin to Central Link Project. Although our domestic patronage in Hong Kong began to show some recovery in the first half of 2021, the prolonged closure of boundaries continued to impact our HKTO and HKSC revenue.

Recurrent Business Profit

Although we are still in the midst of a global pandemic, the Group's recurrent business profit for the six months ended 30 June 2021 increased by HK\$479 million to HK\$912 million mainly due to the recovery from COVID-19 by our operations in the Mainland of China and Australia, as well as cost savings by our operations in Hong Kong.

EBIT

HKTO recorded an EBIT loss of HK\$2,285 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, an improvement of HK\$294 million when compared to the same period in 2020. HKTO continued to report a loss mainly due to a nearly 100% loss in patronage for cross-boundary services connecting with the Mainland of China, including the crossings at Lo Wu and Lok Ma Chau stations, Intercity through train and High Speed Rail as all boundaries remained closed, along with a substantial loss in Airport Express patronage as travel restrictions continued to impact airborne travel to and from Hong Kong. When compared with the same period in 2020, EBIT loss shrank marginally by HK\$294 million. This was mainly attributed to continued improvement in Domestic Service patronage as workers and students returned to offices and schools and certain social distancing measures were relaxed following the introduction of vaccination programmes, as well as stringent cost control measures implemented by the Group. These factors were offset by the favourable impact of January 2020 when it was still a normal month before the outbreak of COVID-19.

EBIT of the HKSC decreased by HK\$189 million (14.2%) to HK\$1,145 million. HKSC has been adversely impacted by the pandemic since February 2020 when the Group began granting rental concessions to Duty Free shop concession holders and station kiosks in several boundary crossing stations due to station closures, as well as to other station kiosks along the domestic lines due to the impact of the pandemic. The further decrease in EBIT when compared to the same period in 2020 was mainly due to the impact of January 2020, which was still a normal month, rental concessions granted in 2020 but amortised to profit and loss in 2021, and further rental concessions granted and amortised in 2021. The decrease was partly offset by an increase in advertising revenue due to improved market sentiment following the resumption of economic activities and relaxation of social distancing measures.

EBIT of the Hong Kong property rental and management businesses decreased by HK\$126 million (5.7%) to HK\$2,067 million. The further decrease in EBIT when compared to the same period in 2020 was mainly due to rental concessions granted in 2020 but amortised to profit and loss in 2021, further rental concessions granted and amortised in 2021, and negative rental reversions on renewals and new lets. The decrease was partially offset by full six-month contributions from our new mall, The LOHAS, as well as the remaining economic interests in Telford Plaza II and Popcorn 2 that were acquired by the Group.

Our Mainland of China and international railway, property rental and management business subsidiaries have recovered from the adverse impact of COVID-19 to varying degrees depending

on the impact of the pandemic in the different cities where we operate and the business models for different business contracts. When compared to the same period in 2020, EBIT improved by HK\$263 million (144.5%) to HK\$445 million, which was mainly due to better performance from Melbourne metropolitan rail network and Sydney Metro North West in Australia, Shenzhen Metro Line 4 in the Mainland of China, and favourable foreign exchange rate impact.

EBIT of other businesses, project study and business development expenses reported a loss of HK\$294 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, compared to a loss of HK\$199 million for the same period in 2020. This was mainly due to one-off cost recovery for the Hangzhou project that was not repeated in 2021.

Share of Profit of Associates and Joint Ventures

Share of profit of associates and joint ventures increased by HK\$313 million (144.2%) to HK\$530 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021. This was mainly due to improvements in our Hangzhou and Beijing operations, particularly a full six-month contribution from the new Hangzhou Line 5 which started full line operation in April 2020.

Property Development Profit (Post-tax)

Property development profit (post-tax) decreased from HK\$5,200 million to HK\$3,147 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, which was mainly derived from the share of surplus proceeds and income of SEA TO SKY (LOHAS Park Package 8), as well as sales of inventory units.

Investment Property Revaluation Loss

Revaluation of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong and the Mainland of China, which was performed by independent professional valuation firms, resulted in a revaluation loss of HK1,386 million or 1.6% drop for the six months ended 30 June 2021. This marginal loss took into account the continued negative rental reversions recorded during the reporting period.

Net Profit Attributable to Shareholders of the Company

Taking into account the Group's recurrent businesses, property development businesses and investment property revaluation, the Group reported a net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$2,673 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, compared to a net loss of HK\$334 million for the same period in 2020.

Financial Position

	At	At	Inc./(E	ec.)
HK\$ million	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	HK\$ million	%
Net Assets	173,672	176,981	(3,309)	(1.9)
Total Assets	295,563	290,574	4,989	1.7
Total Liabilities	121,891	113,593	8,298	7.3
Gross Debt [^]	46,556	50,340	(3,784)	(7.5)
Net Debt-to-equity Ratio $^{\delta}$	15.4%	22.5%		(7.1) % pts

 $[\]land \ : \ \ \textit{Gross debt represents loans and other obligations and short-term loans}.$

Net Assets

Our financial position remains strong. The Group's net assets decreased by 1.9% to HK\$173,672 million as at 30 June 2021 from HK\$176,981 million as at 31 December 2020, which was mainly

δ: Net debt-to-equity ratio represents net debt of HK\$26,674 million (2020: HK\$39,887 million), which comprises loans and other obligations, short-term loans, obligations under service concession and loans from holders of non-controlling interests net of cash, bank balances and deposits, and investment in bank medium term notes in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a percentage of the total equity of HK\$173,672 million (2020: HK\$176,981 million).

due to the accrual for the 2020 final ordinary dividend for payment in July 2021, and partly offset by net profit recognised for the first half of 2021.

Total Assets

Total assets increased by 1.7% to HK\$295,563 million from HK\$290,574 million. This was due to an increase in cash balances arising mainly from cash receipts from our Hong Kong property developments.

Total Liabilities

Total liabilities increased by 7.3% to HK\$121,891 million from HK\$113,593 million. This was mainly due to the accrual for the 2020 final ordinary dividend and the amount received in respect of our Hong Kong property developments, which was partly offset by net repayment of loans.

Gross Debt and Cost of Borrowing

Gross debt of the Group (being loans and other obligation and short-term loans) decreased by 7.5% to HK\$46,556 million as at 30 June 2021. Weighted average borrowing cost of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings for the six months ended 30 June 2021 was at 2.2% p.a., compared to 2.6% p.a. for the same period in 2020.

Net Debt-to-equity Ratio

Net debt-to-equity ratio decreased by 7.1% points to 15.4% as at 30 June 2021 from 22.5% as at 31 December 2020. This was mainly due to an increase in cash from our Hong Kong property development business.

Cash Flow

	Six months ended 30 June		
HK\$ million	2021	2020	
Net Cash Generated from / (Used in) Operating Activities			
after Variable Annual Payment	3,977	(1,881)	
Net Receipts from Property Development	12,961	3,323	
Other Net Cash Outflow from Investing Activities	(4,007)	(6,120)	
Net (Repayment) / Borrowing of Debts, Net of Lease Rental			
and Interest Payments	(4,033)	1,828	
Increase / (Decrease) in Cash, Bank Balances and	(, ,	,	
Deposits#	8,849	(2,883)	

^{#:} Excluding effect of exchange rate change

Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities after Variable Annual Payment

Net cash generated from operating activities after variable annual payment for Hong Kong railway and related operations increased by HK\$5,858 million to HK\$3,977 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, from net cash used of HK\$1,881 million for the same period in 2020. The increase was mainly due to higher cash used in 2020 for settling the 2019 variable annual payment, higher tax payments in 2020 resulting from the timing difference for 2019 provisional tax payments, and cash received from Government in 2021 in respect of SCL Advance Works Costs and Interface Works and reimbursement of the fare revenue difference for the "20% Rebate for Every Octopus Trip" scheme.

Net Receipts from Property Development

Net receipts from property development were HK\$12,961 million, comprising mainly cash receipts from THE SOUTHSIDE, LOHAS Park and Ho Man Tin Station packages.

Other Net Cash Outflow from Investing Activities

Other net cash outflow from investing activities was HK\$4,007 million, which mainly included capital expenditure of HK\$3,193 million (comprising HK\$2,776 million for investments in additional assets for Hong Kong existing railways and related operations, HK\$265 million for Hong Kong railway extension projects, HK\$89 million for Hong Kong investment properties and HK\$63 million for Mainland of China and overseas subsidiaries). As compared to the same period in 2020, the decrease in cash outflow was mainly due to a one-off payment made for the acquisition of the remaining economic interests in Telford Plaza II and PopCorn 2 in 2020.

Financing Activities

The 10-year US Treasury yield rose sharply from 0.91% p.a. at the beginning of the year to a high of 1.74% p.a. in March alongside stronger growth forecasts, higher inflation expectations and anticipation of an earlier start to central bank policy normalisation. With increasing concerns on the pace of global economic recovery, partly due to the emergence of more infectious variants of the Coronavirus which led to further lockdowns in some countries, the 10-year US Treasury yield came down in the second quarter and closed at 1.47% p.a. at the end of June. The Fed's reaction to incoming economic data and the direction of monetary policy would likely be the focus of market participants in the second half of the year.

While the 10-year Hong Kong dollar swap rate tracked the movements of the 10-year US Treasury yield, the 3-month HKD HIBOR fell from 0.35% p.a. at the beginning of the year to 0.17% p.a. at the end of June, reflecting the ample liquidity in the Hong Kong dollar market.

During the first half of 2021, new financing of HK\$8.1 billion equivalent was arranged, including HK\$5.2 billion of note issuance and HK\$2.9 billion of bank loans. HK\$4.8 billion of this new financing was arranged under our Sustainable Finance Framework where the proceeds are earmarked for eligible green investments. Taking advantage of the favourable cross currency swap rates, the Corporation issued CNH 3.2 billion of CNH notes which, together with the cross currency swaps, provided the Corporation with HKD funding at very attractive interest rates that reduced overall interest costs.

The Group's consolidated gross debt position at the end of June 2021 was HK\$46,556 million, with cash and deposit balance of HK\$29,793 million and undrawn committed facilities of more than HK\$14 billion.

The weighted average cost of the Group's interest bearing borrowings over the first six months was 2.2% p.a., compared to 2.6% p.a. for the same period in 2020. As at the end of June 2021, around 65% of the Group's borrowings were fixed rate borrowings with an average interest rate of 2.5% p.a. and maturity of 13.5 years.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

At MTR, we are committed to making ESG the cornerstone of our business. We recognise that the biggest impact we can have on society is through our core business, and our Corporate Strategy outlines how we plan on incorporating ESG principles into virtually every facet of the Company as we develop our business and ensure that we meet our many responsibilities – not just to our shareholders, customers and staff, but also to society at large.

As a provider of environmentally friendly mass transit services, we have an important role in helping Hong Kong and our other markets reduce greenhouse gas emissions and achieve carbon-neutrality. For example, the HK\$4.8 billion of green financing arranged in the first half of 2021 will fund a variety of railway-related conservation and energy efficiency projects. This year we also launched a "Carbon Wallet" mobile app, which allows users who take carbon-conscious actions to earn points that can be redeemed for green products and services, while the "Carbon Footprint

Challenge" on MTR Mobile continues to gain popularity. Both emphasise our Corporate Strategy commitments to the environment as well as innovation.

Our social engagement efforts focus on inclusivity and ensuring that the communities where we operate grow and prosper alongside us. Over the first six months of the year, we organised a number of activities that reached out to youth and the elderly alike, promoted arts appreciation at our stations and facilities, and communicated the importance of railway safety.

To protect the interests of our shareholders and stakeholders, we also remain firmly committed to attaining the highest standards of corporate governance, which ensures that we operate ethically and transparently as we seek to achieve our business goals.

Safety

Our number one priority is safeguarding the well-being of our customers and employees, which is also fundamental to our ability to deliver a world-class public transportation experience. In line with our overall ESG strategy, we regularly review our health and safety practices to ensure that they adhere to global standards as well as those laid out in our Corporate Safety Policy. Through regular training and activities, we also strive to instil a culture of safety among our staff and communicate the importance of railway safety to the general public.

Fighting the pandemic continued to be a major focus of our health and safety efforts during the period under review. Many of the initiatives that we quickly introduced following the outbreak last year – including vaporised hydrogen peroxide robots to deep-clean trains and stations, personal protection equipment vending machines, and COVID-19 specimen collection pack vending machines – remained in place. As at the end of the reporting period, we had also installed 124 lift button sensors at lifts in 59 stations, providing a hygienic non-touch option for passengers.

Over the first six months of the year, the number of reportable incidents on our heavy rail and light rail networks improved (that is, decreased) by 10% compared to the same period in 2020.

Enterprise Risk Management

The unprecedented challenges in the past two years have highlighted the importance and effectiveness of the Company's Enterprise Risk Management framework. We regularly review our risk profile, top risks and key emerging risks to stay prepared for eventualities, and we formulate mitigation measures where appropriate to ensure business continuity, health and safety.

Currently, we are developing a "three lines of defence" framework to further enhance the Company's management of risk. This will enable a more robust and pro-active actions at the business unit level and heightened systematic assurance at the Executive and Board levels.

Over the first half of 2021, the top three focuses for risk management included managing the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our businesses, customers and staff while also anticipating associated medium- and longer-term challenges; preparing for the full line opening of the Tuen Ma Line; and delivering the Hung Hom to Admiralty section of the Shatin to Central Link. Various mitigation measures and controls have been implemented, and the Company will closely monitor the risks and develop further mitigation measures as required.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2021, MTR along with our subsidiaries employed 17,067 people in Hong Kong and 17,076 people outside of Hong Kong. Our associates employed an additional 16,781 people worldwide. Our workforce is stable, with the voluntary staff turnover rate in Hong Kong remaining low at 4.2% during the first half of 2021.

We continue our efforts to enhance talent acquisition, employee engagement and motivation and talent development through multiple initiatives. We always strive to nurture our talent in line

with our business growth and succession needs through diversified training, development and apprenticeship programmes. An average of two training days per staff in Hong Kong were provided during the first six months of the year. To attract, retain and motivate our staff, we provide competitive pay and benefits, short- and long-term incentive schemes, career development opportunities, and performance-based recognitions and rewards.

Our dedicated efforts to connect and respond to our staff result in an engaged workforce. A key focus over the first six months of 2021 was updating our staff on the new Corporate Strategy, "Transforming the Future", in a timely manner and through a wide variety of communications. Quarterly pulse surveys to assess staff awareness and understanding of our new Corporate Strategy reflected positive experience and feedback on the transformation.

We endeavour to ensure the health, safety and job security of our staff in the midst of the unprecedented challenges of COVID-19. Various wellness programmes, self-learning resources and family-friendly employment practices have been put in place to support our staff's total well-being and equip them for coping with the fast-changing environment.

MTR ACADEMY

The MTR Academy offers accredited programmes and short courses designed to nurture the next generation of railway professionals. It is also an important vehicle for promoting MTR's railway expertise and brand to markets outside of Hong Kong, including the Mainland of China and Belt and Road countries.

In the first half of the year, the Academy added Continuing Professional Development (CPD) courses in collaboration with various professional bodies and consultants; launched a pilot scheme enabling students to work part-time during their period of study to gain real-world experience; and introduced a Security Training course accredited to Qualification Framework Level 1.

OUTLOOK

The COVID-19 pandemic has brought into even sharper focus how important it is for a company like MTR to have a strong ESG regime in place, especially when we are responsible for delivering critical mass transit services. We have done our utmost to support Hong Kong during these challenging times, working around the clock to ensure service reliability as well as the health and safety of our passengers and staff. We pledge to keep Hong Kong moving with dependable, accessible and affordable service, all the while practising environmental stewardship as we further expand our railway network to connect even more communities. Such efforts lie at the heart of our Corporate Strategy, which will guide us over the coming months and years of our development.

Patronage has improved since the outbreak last year. However, a return to pre-pandemic levels is dependent on economic recovery as well as the reopening of boundaries, which would allow tourist customers to return. Behavioural changes such as work-from-home arrangements, flexible working hours, and walking or using private transport instead of taking rail or bus transit could continue to affect the recovery of domestic patronage, although the opening of the full Tuen Ma Line should have a positive impact moving forward. The success of our mall and station retail business depends in large part on the return of visitors; Duty Free business, for example, is almost completely reliant on tourism, particularly from the Mainland of China. Our station retail and property rental businesses continue to be impacted by negative rental reversions. Advertising revenue is dependent on the economy.

It is difficult to know precisely when cross-boundary business will return, but we are doing everything we can to be ready once it does. Our business recovery plan includes enhanced COVID-19 prevention measures for our trains and stations, as well as extensive pre-opening marketing initiatives to keep our brand and services top of mind. In the meantime, in order to

counter the on-going financial impacts of the pandemic and protect shareholder interests, we will continue to review our costs and practise prudent financial responsibility where necessary.

Subject to market conditions, we aim to tender out three property development packages over the next 12 months or so. Subject to approval of land grants for development, we will tender out the Tung Chung Traction Substation and Pak Shing Kok Ventilation Building property development projects. These two packages will supply approximately 2,150 residential units for the Hong Kong property market. We shall also, subject to our entering into a project agreement for the Tung Chung Line Extension with Government, tender out the Tung Chung East Station Package 1 site which will provide approximately 2,000 residential units together with commercial accommodation. In the meantime, we will continue exploring additional development opportunities along our railways to bring further residential and retail convenience to communities throughout the MTR network.

Despite the challenging economic environment, property pre-sales are progressing well. Pre-sale consent for La Marina (THE SOUTHSIDE Package 2) has been obtained and the application for the pre-sale consent for Yuen Long Station property development (Phase 1) (where we act as agent for the relevant subsidiary of KCRC) is moving forward. In the second half of 2021, we expect to book profits from LOHAS Park Package 7 and Package 9.

Working under Government's RDS 2014 development framework for expanding Hong Kong's railway network, we will continue to progress the designs of the Tung Chung Line Extension, Tuen Mun South Extension, and Kwu Tung Station and the Northern Link. We will also commence with detailed planning and design for the Hung Shui Kiu Station project.

We continue to explore new opportunities in the Mainland of China and overseas, in particular, the Greater Bay Area, in order to further diversify our revenue streams and build the MTR brand globally. This is an important part of our Corporate Strategy, and we expect our Mainland of China, Macao and international businesses to continue playing important roles in our future growth.

I would like to give my heartfelt thanks to the Board for their steadfast support and guidance and to every one of my colleagues for their tireless work in providing a world-class service for our passengers and customers. With our continued efforts, we hope to make the next six months the turning point towards a brighter future.

By Order of the Board **Dr Jacob Kam Chak-pui** Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 12 August 2021

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from 27 August 2021 to 1 September 2021 (both dates inclusive), during which time no transfers of shares in the Company will be effected. To qualify for the 2021 interim dividend, all completed transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 26 August 2021 (Hong Kong time).

As at the date of this announcement:

Members of the Board: Dr Rex Auyeung Pak-kuen (Chairman)**, Dr Jacob Kam Chak-pui (Chief Executive Officer), Andrew Clifford Winawer Brandler*, Dr Bunny Chan Chung-bun*, Walter Chan Kar-lok*, Dr Pamela Chan Wong Shui*, Dr Dorothy Chan Yuen Tak-fai*, Cheng Yan-kee*, Dr Anthony Chow Wing-kin*, Dr Eddy Fong Ching*, Hui Siu-wai*, Dr Rose Lee Wai-mun*, Jimmy Ng Wing-ka*, Benjamin Tang Kwok-bun*, Adrian Wong Koon-man*, Johannes Zhou Yuan*, Christopher Hui Ching-yu (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury)**, Secretary for Transport and Housing (Frank Chan Fan)**, Permanent Secretary for Development (Works) (Lam Sai-hung)** and Commissioner for Transport (Rosanna Law Shuk-pui)**

Members of the Executive Directorate: Dr Jacob Kam Chak-pui, Adi Lau Tin-shing, Roger Francis Bayliss, Margaret Cheng Wai-ching, Linda Choy Siu-min, Herbert Hui Leung-wah, Dr Tony Lee Kar-yun, Gillian Elizabeth Meller, David Tang Chi-fai and Jeny Yeung Mei-chun

*	independ	ent non-execu	itive Director
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This announcement is made in English and Chinese. In case of any inconsistency, the English version shall prevail.

About MTR Corporation

Every day, MTR connects people and communities. As a recognised world-class operator of sustainable rail transport services, we are a leader in safety, reliability, customer service and efficiency.

MTR has extensive end-to-end railway expertise with more than 40 years of railway projects experience from design to planning and construction through to commissioning, maintenance and operations. Going beyond railway delivery and operation, MTR also creates and manages dynamic communities around its network through seamless integration of rail, commercial and property development.

With more than 40,000 dedicated staff*, MTR carries over 13 million passenger journeys worldwide every weekday in Hong Kong, the United Kingdom, Sweden, Australia and the Mainland of China. MTR strives to grow and connect communities for a better future.

For more information about MTR Corporation, please visit www.mtr.com.hk.

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{^*}}\xspace$ includes our subsidiaries and associates in Hong Kong and worldwide

^{**} non-executive Director